City of Rockville )
County of Montgomery ) ss:

Wayne L. Pines, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

I am Acting Associate Commissioner for Public Affiars, Food and Drug Administration, United States Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Rockville, Maryland 20857. In this capacity, I have ~~xxxxxxxxx~~ responsibility for the overall implementation and direction of the Food and Drug Administration's response under the Freedom of Information Act.

~~Ixhxxx~~

In connection with my responsibilities under the Freedom of Information Act, I have directed employees of the Agency operating under ~~xx~~ my direction and control to re-review and re-examine the documents previously denied to plaintiff in this action in accordance with the Court's order of September 15, 1978, by George L. Hart, Jr., United States District Judge. As a result of that review, it has been determined that the following documents, previously denied to plaintiff, and described in the index attached to the affidavit of John P. Wiley dated should no longer be withheld from plaintiff: ~~A-2, A-5, A-19, H-40~~ see next page (they are identical), A-35, ~~A-67, A-69 & H-52 (identical), E-6 & H-138 (identical), E-7 & H-139(a) (identical), E-9 & H-139(b) (identical), E-12 & H-75 (identical), E-13 & H-76 (identical), E-30 & H-91 (identical), H-8, H-10, H-13(a), H-19, H-23, H-26, H-33, H-45, H-74, H-79, H-80, H-87, H-92, H-118, H-128, H-136, H-137, H-137(a), H-139, H-155 (HN-16(c)), H-167, H-169, H-176, H-171, H-179, H-183, H-198, H-210, H-213, HN-18, HN-21 & P-5 (identical) and P-13.~~

As a further result of that review, attached is an index of the documents which the Agency continues to ~~xhx~~ withhold from the plaintiff either in whole or in part, ~~xxxxxxx~~ together with an explanation of the type of record involved, and the statutory basis for that continued withholding.

William L. Jackson,

Dated May 20, 1977,

A-2
A-5
A-19 (H-40 identical)
A-67
A-69 (H-52 identical)
E-6 (H-138 identical)
E-7 (H-139 (a) identical)
E-9 (H-139 (c) identical)
E-12 (H-75 identical)
E-13 (H-76 identical)
E-30 (H-91 identical)
H-8
H-10
H-13 (a)
H-19
H-23
H-26
H-33
H-45
H-74
H-79
H-80
H-81
H-92
H-118
H-128
H-136
H-137
H-137 (a)
H-139
H-144
H-155 (HN-10 (c) identical)
H-179
H-180
H-183
H-198
H-209

H-210
H-213
HN-8
HN-21 (P-5 identical)
P-13

Rec'd E Meters via U.S. MAIL (NOT Del D.)

Shena, Fairchild, Asst. to Pastor A-2

Doris Lambright, " "

Rev. R. H. Angell, " "

Marilyn Routsong, " "

Maxine Kozak, " "

J. M. Barad, " "

all 1812 - 19th St. N.W., D.C.

A-5

DIRECTOR, BALTIMORE DISTRICT February 5, 1963

Inspector Wendell O. Brown
Norfolk Inspection Station

4-0930V, Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

Rowland H. Walker, Jr., MD
(deceased)
1105 North Shore Road,
Norfolk, Virginia

In a memorandum to Baltimore District, dated January 29, 1963, Division of Regulatory Management stated that the referenced individual had been a sponsor of the Dianetics movement in the Washington D. C. area during 1950 and 1951. The memorandum requested that we attempt to locate and interview Dr. Walker.

On February 1, 1963 I made an attempt to locate Dr. Walker. He was not found listed in the current telephone directory for Norfolk or any of the surrounding cities. I visited the Chamber of Commerce in Norfolk and began checking through the old city directories. I found that Dr. Walker was last listed in the 1951 city directory and his address was given as 1105 North Shore Road; no office address was listed. His wife's name was listed in the directory as Margaret B. Walker. The 1949 city directory listed the same home address for Dr. Walker and gave his office address as 310 West York Street in Norfolk. I visited the York Street office address in hopes that I might locate some of his former associates, however, I discovered that all of the buildings in this area had been demolished to make way for construction of a new highway.

---

DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT:

If you believe we should attempt to locate Mrs. Walker, please advise.

GORDON G. THOMPSON
Chief Inspector
2-8-63

GGT:fw

OSCC-DRM
cc-BFA
WOB

2. Hubbard E Meter, Rowland H. Walker, Jr., MD, WCB, 2/5/63

I visited the home address at 1105 North Shore Road and found that the house is now occupied by a Dr. James Kitterman. Dr. Kitterman's wife was home, but stated that she knew nothing of Dr. Walker and his family, but believed that Dr. Walker had died sometime ago. I visited Dr. Kitterman at his office at 117 West 21st Street in Norfolk. Dr. Kitterman said that Dr. Walker had died under mysterious circumstances in November 1950. He said it was rumored that Dr. Walker had committed suicide, but that he had no way of knowing this for sure. Dr. Kitterman said he actually did not know very much about Dr. Walker, but he felt sure that I would find nobody who was very familiar with him. He said Dr. Walker apparently had very few, if any, friends in this area.

Dr. Kitterman stated that in 1950 he was discharged from the Navy and came to Norfolk to go into private practice. He learned that Dr. Walker was going to sell his home and he attempted to buy it. He said that the Seaboard Citizens Bank in Norfolk had a mortgage on the property of Dr. Walker and that it was sometime before they could make all of the arrangements to buy the house. During this period of time he saw Dr. Walker and his wife several times, but did not become friends with them. He said that Dr. Walker had some office equipment at his home, piled in the garage, and told him to take whatever he wanted of the equipment because he had no further use for it. Dr. Kitterman learned from some of the other doctors in Norfolk that Dr. Walker had become interested in "psychosomatic medicine" and had apparently become quite involved in this practice. At any rate, the local Medical Association put pressure on Dr. Walker to quit practicing medicine in Norfolk. Dr. Kitterman said that they actually didn't put pressure on him, they simply told him to get out of business. They were apparently able to enforce this mandate, because at the time Dr. Kitterman knew Dr. Walker he was not practicing medicine. Dr. Kitterman stated that before he was able to complete the arrangements to buy the home, he was called by Mrs. Walker in November 1950 and she asked him to be a pallbearer at her husband's funeral. He said he was quite suprised because he was not really a friend of theirs and had seen them only a few times. He agreed to be a pallbearer at the funeral and said that this was where he first learned that Dr. Walker apparently had very few friends. He stated that the funeral was very small and cold. The funeral was held at the Episcopal Church in the Meadowbrook section of NOrfolk. Dr. Kitterman said that the casket was not open at the funeral and this led him to believe the rumor that Dr. Walker had committed suicide. He said it was also commonly known among the doctors in Norfolk that Dr. Walker was a "dope addict". In August 1951, Dr. Kitterman completed buying the house of Dr. Walker. The seller was listed on the contract only as Mrs. Walker. Dr. Kitterman says that he has not seen Mrs. Walker since then, but that several years ago he had a letter from her, and that the letter was mailed from Williamsburg, Va.

I visited four homes in the immediate area of Dr. Walker's home, but found that none of his previous neighbors had known him or his family very well. None of them knew where Mrs. Walker might now live. I was able to determine that Dr. Walker had been about 43 years old at the time of his death, and had had two small daughters who were then about 8 and 10 years old.

3. Hubbard E Meter, Rowland H. Walker, Jr., MD, WOB 2/5/63

I visited Williamburg, Va., but was unable to locate Mrs. Walker and could find no indications that she had ever lived there. A check back through the old city directory at the Chamber of Commerce, and through old telephone directories at the telephone company, showed no listing for Mrs. Walker.

I visited Mr. Fenton Jordan, Norfolk City Traffic Engineer, who had lived in the neighborhood with Dr. Walker. He said Dr. Walker was a very strange man and he knew no one who knew him well. He did not where Mrs. Walker was now living.

I contacted Mrs. Frances W. Lankford who works in the office at the Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, where Dr. Walker is burind. Mrs. Lankford said that as far she knows Mrs. Walker's permanent home is Chatham, Virginia and that the return address she gives, she believes, is PO Box 147. She said, however, that the last two letters she has received from Mrs. Walker came from Staunton, Va., and that the return address was a PO box which she could not remember. She said that there are several hospitals for mentally disturbed people in Staunton, Va. and that she believes that Mrs. Walker is patient at one of these hospitals. She that there is one hospital for very nervous people and one for mentally ill people in Staunton and does not know which one of these is Mrs. Walker's present home. I had checked the Eastern State Mental Hospital at Williamsburg at the time of my visit there on February 5 and determined that Mrs. Walker was not a patient at that hospital. Mrs. Lankford said that Mrs. Walker's oldest daughter, Susan, is now married and living in Williamsburg, Va. where her husband is a student at William and Mary. She did not know her married name. She said that the younger daughter, Margaret Ann, is in her last year at Mary Washington College.

I visited the NOrfolk County Medical Society on February 6, 1963 and interviewed Miss Marr, librarian, who keeps all of the records. She said that she knew Dr. Walker personally and knew that he had been addicted to narcotics. She said that she believes that it was for this reason that the medical society put pressure on him to quit practicing medicine, but she had no records which would substantiate this. I had been told earlier, by Dr. Kitterman, that Dr. Walker had lost his narcotics license. Mrs. Marr said she knew Dr. Walker's father, who was one of the outstanding dentists in Norfolk, and also knew Dr. Walker. She said that she remembered that he had gone in with some "quack" organization, but believed that he did this when he was trying to break his narcotics addiction. She said she thought that was where he was when he died in Elizabeth, N. J., in 1950. She pulled Dr. Walker's records from her file and advised me that he was born in 1909, graduated from the University of Pennsylvania Medical School and practiced medicine in Martinsville, Va. for nine years before coming to Norfolk in 1947. He only practiced medicine in Norfolk for about two years. The Virginia Medical Monthly, Volume 78, 1951, carried a report of Dr. Walker's death. It stated that he died in Elizabeth New Jersey on November 27, 1950 following a heart attack. The article also stated that he was a widely known consultant of the Hubbard Diabetic Foundation. Mrs. Marr said that this was a mistake and that it had been reported in the newspaper that he was widely known consultant of the Hubbard Dianetic Foundation.

This investigation to locate Dr. Walker revealed that he is now dead. However, his wife is apparently still living, either in Chatham, Va. or at a hospital at Staunton, Va. She may be able to supply some of the information we need, or she may be able to tell us who could supply the information.

WOB:blc/dict. WENDELL O. BROWN

Balt

A-19

Chicago District 2/12/63

R. D. Sherman

L. Ron Hubbard
Distribution Center, etc.,
Washington, D. C.

Hubbard E Meter
4-093 V

Rev. Jerrold G. Hedin
425 Surf St., Apt. 708
Chicago, Illinois

Refer to DRM/Districts 1-24-63 re: L. Ron Hubbard Associated firms and those individuals who are active in this movement. In my report of 2/4/63 on Pearl Harlan I related that a Jerry Hedin was holding the regular Friday night meetings for Scientology in Chicago at The Sands Motel and he had learned through her husband that I interviewed her. Hedin wished me to telephone him. Instead I waited till we received a telephone call from Hedin late in the afternoon of 2/1/63. I returned his phone call and learned that he was registered as a Reverend Hedin at the above address. DRM was notified that Hedin wished to talk to me after I finally got in touch with him on the afternoon of 2/5/63. At that time he told me he had learned from Pearl Harlan's husband of my visit to her and that since he is in charge of Scientology in this area and concerned with what happened, he wished to interview us. He also wanted information and I told him that only the District Director could give it and that we had no file on Scientology at this office. He was told we would get in touch with him in a few days.

---

DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT February 14, 1963
Attention: Mr. Will Swain

This report covers the interview with the Scientology minister who wished to discuss our interview with Pearl Harlan. You may be interested in Rev. Hedin's account of the Chicago Church. We believe it is a continuation of their regular Friday night business meetings.

William G. Kupp
Chief Inspector

WGK/WGK/rc
Enc. cc this memo
cc Balt
Ad/file

SUBJ: Hubbard E Meter 4-093 V - Rev. Jerrold G. Hedin - SDS 2/12/63

He stated he is a counselor employed at Engineering Agency, 140 S. Dearborn, on the 8th floor. The office phone is Financial 6-8400. He stated that it was alright to phone him at work but not to ask for him by his title. After receiving permission from DEM an interview was arranged to meet him in the lobby of his building at 12:30 PM on 2/8/63, which was done. We proceeded to the cafeteria in an adjacent building where the following interview took place after we exchanged credentials.

CREDENTIALS CARD

He showed me a small identification card reading on one side "The Founding Church of Scientology of Washington, D. C. This is to certify that Jerrold G. Hedin is ordained as minister of the church in good standing for the year 1962. Renewal date January 1963. Signed Mary Sue Hubbard, Secretary."

(Hedin explained that his new credentials card had not yet arrived.)

The reverse side carried his photograph and signature and this information: "Height 6' weight 220 lbs, hair brown, eyes brown, citizenship American, place of birth Chicago, Ill., date of birth October 10, 1923."

PEARL HARLAN INTERVIEW

Hedin told me that he understood that I had interviewed Mrs. Harlan and wished to know what took place. I acknowledged I talked to Pearl Harlan since I was well aware he had been in telephone contact with her husband. I countered by asking him if he were Pearl Harlan's minister. After some hesitation he replied that he was not her minister. I then told him since he was not her minister, and even if he were her minister, since she had not chosen to confide in him as to what she had told me, that I as a government inspector could certainly not discuss it with him. He remarked that we had reached an impasse at an early stage in our conversation. He stated that he understood that she had demonstrated the E Meter to me. This I catagorically denied.

He then stated that a second thing that concerned him was that he understood that four of their local members, including himself, believed that their telephones had been tapped and had I done this? I told him that I had never tapped any telephones and never to my knowledge had Food and Drug Administration ever tapped any telephones. I inquired whether the four men were all ministers and he explained that two of them were spiritual advisers. When Hedin mentioned the wire tapping I took out my diary and made notes on this but except for listing his credentials, I did not use my diary any more during the interview. From memory I recorded the conversation as best as I could after the interview was over.

SUBJ: Hubbard E Meter 4-093 V - Rev. Jerrold G. Hedin - RDS 2/12/63

Hedin told me that Pearl Harlan was known for her eccentric ideas and as a trouble maker, that she was only tolerated because of her husband John, who was a good fellow. Consequently Hedin wished to clear up an misunderstandings I might have a bout Scientology. I told him if we had any questions we would always go to their Washington headquarters, just the same as, if I had any questions after interviewing him, we would probably resolve them by interviewing their Washington office.

Hedin, when he realized I would give no information about the Harlan interview, then asked what my job was. I explained in general the work of the Food & Drug Inspector. I stressed the fact that very little of our work was based on personal complaints although if a woman complained about finding an insect in a can of corn we always interviewed her. He was told we would take no action on samples such as these since contamination might have occurred in the complaintant's home.

SCIENTOLOGY CHURCH IN CHICAGO

I then turned the conversation into questions about his congregation and his theological background. I asked when his church met and he stated that they met every Friday night at 8 PM in the Sands Motel. His congregation varies in size from 15 to 50 persons. He thought the Chicago Church was founded about 1955. Hedin was born in Chicago and raised in Elmhurst, a suburb. Hedin came back to Chicago about September 1962. He receives no salary from the congregation; their ministers are required to support themselves. When I asked about a collection plate he started to say no and then told me that they did take up a collection to defray the rental of the room where their church meets at the Sands Motel.

Hedin graduated from Purdue University in Chemical Engineering. He mentioned that in his present job capacity he had had some dealings with Food & Drug Administration re: Food Additives in the form of preservatives on paper used for packaging material.

He was living at Wabash, Indiana when he first became interested in Scientology. This was about 1950. Hedin became an auditor in 1961 and a minister in 1962. I asked about the in between step of which he had told me, spiritual adviser, and he stated that he skipped that step.

I asked what Sciences they studied, physics, chemistry, or what? He studied at the Washington, D. C. Academy of Scientology and showed me a picture in a Washington, D.C. newspaper which described the Federal seizure of the E Meters and showed the front of their building. He stated it would be hard to describe the course he studied because it was entirely different. A person could progress as rapidly as possible and he went thru the course in a comparatively short time. When he showed me the newspaper clipping I told him that we knew there was some kind of seizure but had very little file information on the matter at Chicago.

SUBJ: Hubbard E Meter 4-093 V - [Rev. Jerrold G. Hedin] - RDS 2/12/63

BENEFITS OF SCIENTOLOGY

I asked him what Scientology had done for him. He stated that it gave him complete peace of mind, he knew where he had been and where he was going, in other words what his goal in life was. I asked what people came to them for, mental distrubances, pointing out that Dianetics had been a Science of Mental Health. He stated they didn't want such people, they wanted those who had responsibility. He spent considerable time explaining the theme that Scientology was the first to recognize that the IQ of a person could be raised and they raise it considerably, about 30 points.

He told me his congregation had several Jews and several Catholics in it. At one time while he was talking he stated something about lectures and hastily changed it to sermons. I told him it was my understanding that Catholics could not participate in any other religious service and then he stated that maybe some of them did not continue to attend the Catholic Church.

I asked [Hedin] if their religion centered around God and he stated that it did, that was in the eighth dynamic. I then asked if they believed in Jesus and he stated that they did, that he was in the seventh. Did they believe in the Holy Spirit? Yes, that is ourselves, described in the seventh.

I then asked him how his Jewish members reacted to their acceptance of Jesus? He then told me that the Jews in his congregation were not very far advanced in their studies and had not yet come to this matter and he would have to see what happened when they reached this point. We then laughed together.

[Hedin] does present a very good appearance; he is well dressed and poised. He pointed out that his weight was now 205 lbs. instead of 220 lbs. and I noticed his lunch was on the Spartan side.

I think the important thing of significance in this interview is that the Scientology group are aware of [our contact with Pearl Harlan and are trying to find out what we have learned.] Their description that they have a church in Chicago is none too convincing. Their church is not advertised in the Classified Directory for Chicago and it lists a considerable range of denominations. [Hedin has no police record here.]

R. D. Sherman, Inspector

RDS:lp

Document H-40 is identical to Document A-19 which was released with deletions.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104
UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

FEB 19 1963

DRM
Att. Mr Will Swain

#40

TO : Chicago District

DATE: 2/12/63

FROM : R. D. Sherman

L. Ron Hubbard
Distribution Center, etc.,
Washington, D. C.

SUBJECT: Hubbard E Meter
4-093 V - RM

Rev. Jerrold G. Hedin
425 Surf St., Apt. 708
Chicago, Illinois

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RDS/WGK/rc
Enc. cc this memo
cc: Balt
Ad/file

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RD Sherman

R. D. Sherman, Inspector

RDS:lp

4-093

Yellow

A-67

DIRECTOR, BALTIMORE DISTRICT

March 6, 1963

George D. Tilroe
Washington Resident Station

L. Ron Hubbard
V.A. No.C-7017422

Hubbard E-Meter Investigation

During my course of duty with DRM on the Hubbard investigation, I prepared a letter for Van Smart's signature addressed to the Chief Administrator of the Veterans Administration requesting that the V.A. supply use with information concerning L. Ron Hubbard and his disability claims. To date DRM has not had any word from the V.A.

Due to the fact that V.A. has been formally contacted by letter requesting this information, I do not plan on visiting the Veteran's Benefits Office in Washington, D.C. as suggested in Philadelphia memorandum of February 8, 1963 until such time as answer is received by DRM from the V.A., unless directed to do otherwise.

George D. Tilroe

George D. Tilroe
Inspector
Baltimore

---

DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT:

For your information. We do not propose to write again to the Veterans Administration since they have already been requested to furnish us with the information desired regarding L. Ron Hubbard.

GEORGE W. SOOY
Director, Baltimore District
3/13/63

cc GDT

GWS:mbs

SWS

~~A-66~~
A-69

Director, Philadelphia District

February 8, 1963

Inspector W. Remle Grove

4-093 V
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

Hubbard Dianetics Foundation, Inc.
L. Ron Hubbard
Distribution Center, Inc.
Washington, D. C.
et al

DRM/P memo dated 1/25/63 requested a visit to the VA Guidance Center, University of Scranton, Scranton, Pa. to check on application number "C-7017422" filed by L. Ron Hubbard for rehabilitation.

The VA Guidance at the U. of Scranton has been closed for approximately 5 years. A check was made with the VA office in Wilkes-Barre, Pa. and Philadelphia, Pa., however, neither of these offices have any record of L. Ron Hubbard or #C-7017422. Both offices suggested that a check be made with the Veterans Benefits Office, Munitions Building, Washington 5, D. C. where a master file is maintained on all individuals.

W. REMLE GROVE
Inspector, Philadelphia District

---

BUREAU OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

By copy of this memo we are requesting Baltimore District to visit the Veterans Benefits Office, Munitions Building, Washington 5, D. C. and check on L. Ron Hubbard and #C-7017422.

ASSIGNMENT

GEORGE J. GERSTENBERG
Supervisory Inspector
2/11/63

WRG/fmz
cc: DRM
Balt (2)

FILE 2/14
DELETE
FIND OUT IF
AVAILABLE AT
D.C. VA
3/6/63 See GDT/Balt memo of
3/6/63 - U.A. has been contacted
by letter issued by DRM. GD

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

#52 Living Council Hereby Tetras Nos

REFERRED FEB 14 1963

TO : Director, Philadelphia District

DATE: February 8, 1963

FROM : Inspector W. Remle Grove

Ron 1/5

SUBJECT: 4-093 V
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

Hubbard Dianetics Foundation, Inc.
L. Ron Hubbard
Distribution Center, Inc.
Washington, D. C.
et al

DRM/P memo dated 1/25/63 requested a visit to the VA Guidance Center, University of Scranton, Scranton, Pa. to check on application number "C-7017422" filed by L. Ron Hubbard for rehabilitation.

The VA Guidance at the U. of Scranton has been closed for approximately 5 years. A check was made with the VA office in Wilkes-Barre, Pa. and Philadelphia, Pa., however, neither of these offices have any record of L. Ron Hubbard or #C-7017422. Both offices suggested that a check be made with the Veterans Benefits Office, Munitions Building, Washington 5, D. C. where a master file is maintained on all individuals.

W Remle Grove per GJG
W. REMLE GROVE
Inspector, Philadelphia District

---

BUREAU OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

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Supervisory Inspector
2/11/63

WRG/fmz
cc: DRM
Balt (2)

E6

1BB

BALTIMORE DISTRICT

January 28, 1963

Director, Los Angeles District

Volney G. Mathison, Electropsychometri
Los Angeles, California
Complete

Academy of Scientology
(Church of Scientology)
Los Angeles, California

FILE

Hubbard Electrometer
Mathison Electropsychometer

William C. Moore
Washington, D. C.

Mr. Volney G. Mathison, who claims to be the developer of the electropsychometer, is incensed over the activities of Hubbard and the Church of Scientology. He has called me twice to express his views of these alleged imitators of his invention.

On the occasion of his last telephone call, he said that he had received a letter from Mr. William C. Moore of Washington, D. C., inquiring as to the availability of the Mathison Electropsychometer. Mr. Mathison suspects that Mr. Moore might be a follower of Hubbard who is seeking a source of instruments to replace the Hubbard Electrometers which are currently in difficulties with FDA. He states that he will have no part of supplying the Church of Scientology, or any of its followers, with instruments for their purposes.

There is attached a copy of Mr. Mathison's letter of January 17, 1963 to Mr. William C. Moore, Washington, D. C., and a copy of his transmittal letter to us dated January 17, 1963.

It may be that Mr. Mathison's complaints regarding Mr. Moore and friends of the Church of Scientology to get back into business are worth investigating.

GORDON R. WOOD

Enclosure
2 cc this memo
Copy Mathison/LA ltr with cpy Mathison/Moore ltr (both dtd 1-17-63)

cc Adm with cpy Mathison/LA ltr and cpy Mathison/Moore ltr (1-17-63)

GRW:rm

H138 Admin RM

BALTIMORE DISTRICT

January 28, 1963

Volney G. Mathison, Electropsychometrist
Los Angeles, California

Director, Los Angeles District

Academy of Scientology
(Church of Scientology)
Los Angeles, California

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Mathison Electropsychometer

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Tel. REpublic 2-5024

*VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist*
Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings
Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer
1208-1214 WEST 30TH STREET
LOS ANGELES 7, CALIFORNIA

E-7

*Don't drift*
*Upon the Ocean of Life*
*Set a course*
*Then, whether the weather*
*Be sunny or stormy—*
*Hold to it.*
*Arrive!*
*THERE IS A WAY!*
*—Volney G. Mathison*

February 27, 1963

Mr. R. G. Wood
U.S. Food and Drug Administration
1521 West Pico Blvd.
Los Angeles, California

Dear Mr. Wood:

In a previous letter I mentioned a possible witness against scientology, Richard Halpern, Stamford, Connecticut.

I made my own check on this yesterday and find that apparently the situation with the FDA has "reunited" Halpern with Hubbard and Halpern is of no value as a possible witness.

The clipping enclosed herewith indicates that the psychiatrist who was held up at gunpoint and $30,000 demanded of him by a scientologist, was either Dr. Eli Badar, OR a Dr. Powell. Seems to be some confusion in the clipping.

This clipping was from June 1957 issue of the Aberree, so that event occurred a month or two before then. The Aberree story was in turn taken from a story in the Chicago Tribune.

Also you might be interested in the child-cremation story in the same clipping.

Hubbard was sued in Phoenix in March, April or May 1956 for fraud by a number of swindled clients.

Very sincerely yours,

MATHISON ELECTROPSYCHOMETERS

Volney G. Mathison

Volney G. Mathison

VGM:mp

Enclosure

SCIENTOLOGISTS OUTWITTED

CHICAGO -- Carl and Karen Roth, who have been teaching a course in basic Scientology in the Chicago area, have been named as master minds of a gang plot to rob Dr. Eli Badar, psychiatrist, of $30,000. One of the gang was arrested after they had enticed Dr. Powell to the Roth apartment, where he was told his wife would be killed unless he drew the money from the bank. He managed to outwit the gang by informing bank officials of the plot while going thru the motions of withdrawing the money. Others involved include Bruce Pomaville and James Corbett.

* * *

SUTTON FREED ON MURDER CHARGE

PHOENIX, Ariz.--Robert Sutton, D.D., D.Scn., one of the "theta clears" of the Third Clinical course and a former official in the Phoenix Church of Scientology, and his divorced wife, Freddie Sutton, were remarried here April 11, a few hours after the Rev. Mr. Sutton was freed by a jury in the firing of four bullets into the back of a friend, William Boone, ex-disc jockey. Boone died 32 days after the shooting, and Dr. Sutton was tried for murder.

The Rev. Mr. Sutton based his defense on the "unwritten law" and self-defense, claiming that he shot only because he felt his own life was threatened. Mrs. Sutton, testifying for the defense, admitted on the stand that she and the murdered man had been none too inhibited on the second dynamic both before and after the divorce.

Three ballots were taken before the jury brought in its "not guilty" verdict. One of the jurors said two of the eight women on the jury were the only ones ever to vote for conviction.

The Suttons, after the trial and wedding, left for San Diego, where the three Sutton children had been staying during the hearing.

"We're both very happy," the Rev. Mr. Sutton said, adding, "We've never stopped loving one another."

* * *

TWO ADMIT CREMATING CHILD

CHICAGO -- Stanley and Therese Gottlieb, arrested here early in April for shoplifting a shirt and pair of scissors from a Loop department store, are also facing charges of larceny [illegible]

---

[illegible]ording to police, confessed to [illegible]ectives that they had been [illegible]veling thruout the country, [illegible]rglarizing fraternity houses [illegible]r cash to live on, and forging [illegible]necks on stolen identification [illegible]papers to purchase airline tickets.

Also, Mrs. Gottlieb admitted, a baby born to them in New York last December died in February, and because they feared arrest if they reported the death, they burned the child's body in an apartment building incinerator.

Asked by police why they traveled so much, Mrs. Gottlieb said they wanted to "straighten out our problems".

"What are your problems?" police asked her.

"Marriage and Scientology," she said.

Gottlieb, a graduate of one of the doctorate courses, met his wife four years ago, she said, while teaching Scientology to small groups of students in Milwaukee.

---


• BOOKS • BOOKS • BOOKS • BOOKS •

DOCTORATE COURSE NOTES--from Scientology 8-8008 lectures....$3

CLINICAL COURSE NOTES--from an advanced training course....$4

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H 139(A)

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VGM:mp

Enclosure

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Feb 21 63

Alphia Hart
"Aberree"
207 N Washington
Enid Oklahoma

Dear Alphia Hart:

Religion, re Hubbard's bootleg meters, is a big smoke screen.

The FDA has no power to concern itself with religion, as such. It does concern itself with sharpsters peddling weird mislabelled contraptions, fluids, compounds, some toxic, some dangerous

The FDA is understaffed, inadequately financed; does not operate at the behest of organized medicine.

I get a pain in my nether end to observe that in the entire field of metaphysics, I haven't seen a single reference to the fact that the FDA moved successfully against the biggest drug-makers in the USA, in the thalomide situation

Sincerely

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E12 Assignment Closed EF

Academy Scientology

DIRECTOR, BOSTON DISTRICT

February 21, 1963

Inspector Howard I. Niss

L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
The Hubbard Communication Offic
Hubbard Dianetics Research
Foundation, et al

Memo 2/14/63 Inspector Bearon/
Director of Minneapolis District
re L. Ron Hubbard and Hubbard E. Meter
4-093V
FDC 48405

Inspector Bearon's memo refers to DRM memo of 1/24/61 relative to L. Ron Hubbard distributor of the Hubbard Electro Meter. Inspector Bearon, in his memo, suggests that a Professor Isaac Asimov of Boston University might have information relative to Mr. Hubbard's character and background.

Isaac Asimov is Assistant Professor of micro biology at Boston University School of Medicine, Boston, Massachusetts. He has classes one day a week on Thursday and writes science fiction and books of science during the remainder of the week. His home is at 45 Greenough Street, Newton, Massachusetts.

I interviewed Professor Asimov at the School of Medicine. He told me that he knew very little about Mr. Hubbard and had met him only three times, the first time was in 1939 at a publishing

(cont. on page 2)

NEW YORK DISTRICT
LOS ANGELES DISTRICTS

For follow-up on Messrs. Campbell and Van Vogt.

G. E. McDonald
2/28/63

ASSIGNMENT
date 3-6 Insp DLD
completed 3-7-63 sample
remarks Van Vogt

Orig & cc NY
2 cc LA
cc HFA

firm office where they were introduced and that was the extent of this first meeting. He later met Mr. Hubbard in 1943 or 1944 at the Philadelphia, Pennsylvania Navy Yard where Mr. Hubbard was a visitor. Mr. Hubbard had lunch with a group which included Professor Asimov and the next day the Professor met him while he was on a tour of the Navy Yard. Professor Asimov had no other contacts with Mr. Hubbard. He said that he believed that he was an officer in the Armed Forces during World War II. He was not sure whether he was in the Navy or the Army but presumed that he was in the Navy as he was touring the Navy Yard when he met him in '43 or '44.

Professor Asimov thought that John W. Campbell, Jr., Editor of Analog of Science Fact and Science Fiction, could probably supply further information about Hubbard. He said that Mr. Campbell had been associated with Hubbard in Dianetics and then severed his connections with him. Mr. Campbell lives at 1457 Orchard Road, Mountainside, New Jersey. His telephone number is Adams 3-3420. He is employed by Conde Nast Publications of New York, New York.

He also told me that Joseph A. Winter, M.D., now deceased, was a brother-in-law of Mr. Campbell and he had written a book entitled "A Doctor Looks at Dianetics".

In my discussion with Professor Asimov, he told me that Time magazine had published a detrimental article about Mr. Hubbard at the time he was engaged in a divorce suit. He thought that this article appeared some time in 1953 or 1954.

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It is quite possible that the Administration knows of Mr. VanVogt.

Howard I. Miss

Academy of Scientology

DIRECTOR, BOSTON DISTRICT

February 21, 1963

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L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
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1475

ERRED TO RMIBFA

MAR 6 1963

BFA

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February 21, 1963

Inspector Howard I. Niss

L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
The Hubbard Communication Office
Hubbard Dianetics Research
Foundation, et al

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LOS ANGELES DISTRICTS

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G. E. McDonald
2/20/63

RECORDS SUPPORT

GEMcD:aa

Orig & cc [illegible]
2 cc LA
cc BFA

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E-13

Academy of Scientology

DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT

March 7, 1963

Inspector D. L. Duval
Inspector Dale E. Harper

Interview with A. E. van Vogt
re: L. Ron Hubbard & Hubbard
E-Meter 4-0037 FOC 40485

L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
The Hubbard Communication Office
Hubbard Dianetics Research
Foundation, et al

On 2/21/63 Inspector Howard L. Hiss of Boston District interviewed Isaac Asimov who is assistant Professor of microbiology at the Boston University School of Medicine. It was thought that Professor Asimov had some knowledge pertaining to the background and character of L. Ron Hubbard. During the interview, Professor Asimov stated that a former associate of Hubbard's on the west coast, A. E. van Vogt, might be a good source of information with respect to Hubbard.

Pursuant to OSI request of 2/23/63, Inspector Dale E. Harper and I interviewed A. E. van Vogt at his headquarters. He is presently operating a Dianetics center in Hollywood at 7089 Southern called Hollywood Dianetics. Although van Vogt was the Director of the Hubbard Dianetic Research Foundation in Los Angeles until he severed his connections with Hubbard in 1950, he furnished us with very little factual information.

He stated that he first met Hubbard in 1945. As they were both science fiction writers, the two men had a common bond. He was unable to provide any background on Hubbard other than from his limited personal experience with the man.

---

ADMINISTRATION;
Attn: Division of Regulatory Management

March 8, 1963

Submitted for your information.

KENNETH E. KIMLEL
Supervisory Inspector

The subject took an interest in Hubbard's ideas and became his associate, rising to the head of the Los Angeles office of the organization. In 1949 another member of the organization told van Vogt that Hubbard was beginning to adopt a metaphysical philosophy with respect to the cult. As van Vogt stated he was of the "rational school", and against bringing in any religious or metaphysical ideas into the organization, a basis of conflict between the two men was now apparent. In 1950 Hubbard openly proposed that the organization adopt the new religous ideology to van Vogt and the remainder of the following.

About half the group went along with Hubbard and his ideas, however, van Vogt and the remainder split off from the organization to continue with a strictly Dianetics approach. The Dianetics group was then formed which van Vogt now heads.

According to van Vogt he has seen Hubbard only three times since their split in 1950. . . once in 1951, 1953, and 1954. He stated when he saw Hubbard in 1954, ~~he was~~ at one of Hubbard's lectures in Phoenix. He did not have any conversation with Hubbard at this last meeting of the two men. Van Vogt stated that he has had no communication or connection with Hubbard or his organization since they came to the parting of the ways. He claims he does not have any knowledge of the cult's current activities.

While he was associated with Hubbard, van Vogt stated that he knew very little of Hubbard's actual activities. He explained "Hubbard may have many followers, but he does not have any friends". He mentioned that Hubbard was out of town most of the time during their association. Hubbard would not disclose his plans to his wife according to van Vogt, so Hubbard would leave on a trip without even giving giving her any notice of his plans to take a trip. Van Vogt stated "no one really gets close to, or really knows Hubbard."

He asked van Vogt if he thought Hubbard were normal with respect to the latter's mental state. After some thought on the matter, van Vogt would offer no definite comment. He also inquired if he thought Hubbard were sincere in his endeavors. He replied that he thought the man was very sincere and "believed every word of it". Van Vogt stated that Hubbard "knew advertising and how to attract a crowd". Otherwise, he knew little of the character or activities of Hubbard and his organization.

He thought Hubbard may have been married four times as he said he once saw a letter from a woman in New Orleans who intimated that she was once married to Hubbard. He did not remember the woman's name or any other facts about this alleged marriage. Hubbard may have taken some courses at U.C.L.A. according to van Vogt.

Mr. van Vogt was unable to supply any additional details. He impressed the inspectors that he knew a great deal that he told us during our interview. Upon the appearance of van Vogt's operation, it is the inspector's opinion that his version of the organization is not very successful. He may have retained much information because he is currently operating a similar type organization as to the form practiced during his association with L. Ron Hubbard.

Van Vogt's parting remarks to the inspectors was that we could gain a better picture of the "Hubbard type" by reading his (van Vogt's) new book The Violent Man.

Dl L. Duval, Inspector

Dale E. Harper, Inspector

E-13

Academy of Scientology

[illegible] March 7, 1963

Inspector [illegible]
Inspector [illegible]

Interview with A. [illegible] van Vogt
[illegible]
[illegible]

L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
The Hubbard Communication Office
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KENNETH E. KIRLEL
Supervisory Inspector

The subject took an interest in Hubbard's ideas and became his associate, rising to the head of the Los Angeles office of the organization. In 1950 another member of the organization told van Vogt that Hubbard was beginning to adopt a metaphysical philosophy with respect to the cult. As van Vogt stated he was of the "rational school", and against bringing in any religious or metaphysical ideas into the organization, a basis of conflict between the two [illegible] was apparent. In 1950 Hubbard openly proposed that the organization adopt the new religious ideology to van Vogt and the remainder of the following.

About half the group [illegible] with Hubbard and his ideas, however, van Vogt and the remainder split off from the organization to continue with a strictly Dianetics [illegible]. The Dianetics group was then formed which van Vogt now heads.

According to van Vogt he has seen Hubbard only three times since their [illegible] in 1950. [illegible] in 1951, 1953, and 1954. He stated when he met Hubbard in 1954, [illegible] one of Hubbard's lectures in Phoenix. He did not have any conversation with Hubbard at this last meeting of the two men. Van Vogt stated that he has had no communication of conversation with Hubbard or his organization since they came to the parting of the ways. He claims he does not have any knowledge of the cult's current activities.

While he was associated with Hubbard, van Vogt stated that he knew very little of Hubbard's actual activities. He explained "Hubbard may have many followers, but he does not have any friends". He mentioned that Hubbard was out of town most of the time during their association. Hubbard would not disclose his plans to his wife according to van Vogt. Hubbard would leave on a trip without even giving [illegible] any notice of his plans to take a trip. Van Vogt stated "no one really gets close to, or really knows Hubbard."

[illegible] van Vogt if he thought Hubbard was [illegible] with respect to the [illegible] mental state. After some thought on the matter, van Vogt would [illegible] to comment. He also inquired if he thought Hubbard was sincere in his endeavors. He replied that he thought the man's [illegible] and "believed every word of it". Van Vogt [illegible] Hubbard "[illegible] and [illegible] to [illegible] a [illegible]". [illegible], he knew little of the [illegible] or activities of Hubbard and his organization.

He thought Hubbard may have been married four times. He said he once [illegible] from a woman in New Orleans who intimated that she was once married to Hubbard. He did not remember the woman's name or [illegible] about this alleged marriage. Hubbard may have taken [illegible] courses at U.C.L.A. according to van Vogt.

Mr. van Vogt was unable to supply any additional details. He impressed the Inspectors that he knew a great deal that he told us during our interview. From the appearance of van Vogt's operation, it is the Inspector's opinion that his version of the organization is not very successful. He may have resolved much information because he is currently operating a similar type organization as to the Zoom practiced during his association with L. Ron Hubbard.

Van Vogt's parting remarks to the Inspectors was that we could gain a better picture of the "Hubbard type" be reading his (van Vogt's) new book The Violent Man.

[illegible], Inspector

[illegible], Inspector

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

REFERRED
MAR 18 1963

TO : DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT

DATE: March 7, 1963

FROM : Inspector D. L. Dovel
Inspector Dale E. Harper

SUBJECT: Interview with A. E. van Vogt re; L. Ron Hubbard & Hubbard E-Meter 4-093V FDC 48405

L. Ron Hubbard
The Distribution Center
The Hubbard Communication Office
Hubbard Dianetics Research Foundation, et al

On 2/21/63 Inspector Howard I. Niss of Boston District interviewed Isaac Asimov who is assistant Professor of microbiology at the Boston University School of Medicine. It was thought that Professor Asimov had some knowledge pertaining to the background and character of L. Ron Hubbard. During the interview, Professor Asimov stated that a former associate of Hubbard's on the west coast, A. E. van Vogt, might be a good source of information with respect to Hubbard.

Pursuant to DRM request of 2/28/63, Inspector Dale E. Harper and I Interviewed A. E. van Vogt at his headquarters. He is presently operating a Dianetics center in Hollywood at 7089 Hawthorn called Hollywood Dianetics. Although van Vogt was the Director of the Hubbard Dianetic Research Foundation in Los Angeles until he severed his connections with Hubbard in 1950, he furnished us with very little factual information.

He stated that he first met Hubbard in 1945. As they were both science fiction writers, the two men had a common bond. He was unable to provide any background on Hubbard other than from his limited personal experience with the man.

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ADMINISTRATION:
Attn: Division of Regulatory Management

March 8, 1963

Submitted for your information.

KENNETH E. KIMLEL
Supervisory Inspector

The subject took an interest in Hubbard's ideas and became his associate, rising to the head of the Los Angeles office of the organization. In 1949 another member of the organization told van Vogt that Hubbard was beginning to adopt a metaphysical philosophy with respect to the cult. As van Vogt stated he was of the "rational school", and against bringing in any religous or metaphysical ideas into the organization, a basis of conflict between the two men was now apparent. In 1950 Hubbard openly proposed that the organization adopt the new religous ideology to van Vogt and the remainder of the following.

About half the group went along with Hubbard and his ideas, however, van Vogt and the remainder split off from the organization to continue with a strictly Dianetics approach. The Dianetics group was then formed which van Vogt now heads.

According to van Vogt he has seen Hubbard only three times since their split in 1950. . . once in 1951, 1953, and 1954. He stated when he saw Hubbard in 1954, ~~it was~~ at one of Hubbard's lectures in Phoenix. He did not have any conversation with Hubbard at this last meeting of the two men. Van Vogt stated that he has had no communication or connection with Hubbard or his organization since they came to the parting of the ways. He claims he does not have any knowledge of the cult's current activities.

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We asked van Vogt if he thought Hubbard were normal with respect to the later's mental state. After some thought on the matter, van Vogt would offer no definite comment. We also inquired if he thought Hubbard were sincere in his endeavors. He replied that he thought the man was very sincere and "believed every word of it". Van Vogt stated that Hubbard "knew advertizing and how to attact a crowd". Otherwize, he knew little of the character or activities of Hubbard and his organization.

He thought Hubbard may have been married four times, as he said he once saw a letter from a woman in New Orleans who intimated that she was once married to Hubbard. He did not remember the woman's name or any other facts about this alleged marriage. Hubbard may have taken some courses at U.C.L.A. according to van Vogt.

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Van Vogt's parting remarks to the Inspectors was that we could gain a better picture of the "Hubbard type" be reading his (van Vogt's) new book The Violent Man.

D. L. Dovel
D. L. Dovel, Inspector

Dale E. Harper, Inspector

DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT February 13, 1963

D. L. Doval, Inspector
Newton Chin, Inspector

Hubbard E Meter
A-092 V
FDC 49405

Founding Church of Scientology
Hubbard Communication Office
Distribution Center
Hubbard Guidance Center
Academy of Scientology
New York Testing Clinic

During the course of our recent investigations involving the Church of Scientology and L. Ron Hubbard, it was learned that Hubbard's former wife Sara is still living in the Los Angeles area. She is now remarried (Mrs. Miles H ollister), and is currently residing at 1124 Ridgeside Drive in Monterey Park, California. This was learned during a visit to her former attorney's office, Caryl Warner, in Los Angeles. Warner represented the former Mrs. Hubbard in her divorce suit against Hubbard in 1951. She was married to Hubbard on 8-10-46 at Chestertown, Maryland. A divorce was granted to her in 1951 after a great deal of scandal regarding their marriage which include d alleged torture and kidnapping of her by Hubbard. I was furnished a letter of introduction to the former Mrs. Hubbard by Caryl Warner's wife Barbara during my visit to their office. I then telephoned Mrs. Hollister and requested an interview to which she agreed. As Mrs. Hollister was very close to Hubbard at one time, it was hoped that she could furnish us with some valuable information.

On 2-12-62 Inspector Newton Chin and I interviewed Mrs. Hollister at her Monterey Park home. This interview was disappointing, however, from our standpoint as she provided very little information. After explaining the general nature of the type of information desired, she stated she did not see how she could be of much help to us in our investigation. We mentioned that local newspaper accounts published in 1951 stated that Hubbard was a Paranoid. She stated that she attempted to get Hubbard to seek help as she thought he was mentally ill, but she denied that any doctors had ever treated Hubbard for this type of illness or offered this diagnosis.

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ADMINISTRATION: February 18, 1963

Attn: DR M

Submitted for your information. Memos submitted this day conclude our investigation.

KEK

Kenneth E. Kimlel
Supervisory Inspector

KEK:ss

We pointed out that these same newspaper articles had stated that certain of Hubbard's associates, specifically Frank Bernard Dessler, had criminal records. Dessler was the manager of the Los Angeles Hubbard organization in 1951. According to her, Dessler stole an automobile back in the 1920's during his youth. She did not know where this occurred or any other details. She knew of no other members of the organization that were ever in any trouble with the law.

We explained that these newspaper articles mentioned above stated that Hubbard was arrested and fined fifty dollars in November of 1950 for leaving their daughter unattended in a parked automobile. She claimed that Hubbard should not be blamed for this episode as he just walked across the street for a minute when he was arrested for this. She said this happened in Los Angeles in front of the foundations' former offices located at 2600 So. Hoover Street.

We then inquired if she knew of any suits or liens against Hubbard or the organization. She explained that she knew of only one instance, and this was second-hand information to her. She said a former associate of Hubbard's, A. E. VanVogt, had told her that the Hubbard Dianetic Research Foundation had a tax problem of some type with the state. She knew nothing further of this situation.

Mrs. Hollister had no knowledge of the E Meter or any similar device.

Inquiry was made if Hubbard or the organization ever used drugs for any reason. She replied that she could not answer for the organization as a whole, but at the time she was married to Hubbard, he was very interested in all types of drugs. She mentioned that Hubbard frequently took benzedrine and thyroid while she was married to him.

No additional information regarding Hubbard or his organization was obtained during the interview.

D. L. Dovel, Inspector

Newton Chin, Inspector

DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT February 13, 1963

D. L. Dovel, Inspector
Newton Chin, Inspector

Hubbard Center
4-[illegible] V
FDC [illegible]

Founding Church of Scientology
Hubbard Communication Office
Distribution Center
Hubbard Guidance Center
Academy of Scientology
New York Testing Clinic

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E30

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No additional information regarding Hubbard or his organization was obtained during the interview.

O. L. Novel, Inspector

Newton Chin, Inspector

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

#91

REF RM FEB 25 1963

TO DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT

DATE: February 13, 1963

FROM : D. L. Dovel, Inspector
Newton Chin, Inspector

SUBJECT: Hubbard E Meter
~~4-093 V~~
FDC 48405 RM 1/5

Founding Church of Scientology
Hubbard Communication Office
Distribution Center
Hubbard Guidance Center
Academy of Scientology
New York Testing Clinic

During the course of our recent investigations involving the Church of Scientology and L. Ron Hubbard, it was learned that Hubbard's former wife Sara is still living in the Los Angeles area. She is now remarried (Mrs. Miles H ollister), and is currently residing at 1124 Ridgeside Drive in Monterey Park, California. This was learned during a visit to her former attorney's office, Caryl Warner, in Los Angeles. Warner represented the former Mrs. Hubbard in her divorce suit against Hubbard in 1951. She was married to Hubbard on 8-10-46 at Chestertown, Maryland. A divorce was granted to her in 1951 after a great deal of scandal regarding their marriage which include d alleged torture and kidnapping of her by Hubbard. I was furnished a letter of introduction to the former Mrs. Hubbard by Caryl Warner's wife Barbara during my visit to their office. I then telephoned Mrs. Hollister and requested an interview to which she agreed. As Mrs. Hollister was very close to Hubbard at one time, it was hoped that she could furnish us with some valuable information.

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ADMINISTRATION: February 18, 1963

Attn: DR M

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Kenneth E. Kimlel
Supervisory Inspector

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D. L. Dovel

D. L. Dovel, Inspector

Newton Chin, Inspector

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

H.8

TO : DIRECTOR, BALTIMORE DISTRICT

DATE: February 26, 1963

FROM : Washington Resident Station

Founding Church of Scientology
Distribution Center, Inc., et al

SUBJECT: L. Ron Hubbard

I visited Mr. Gil Haley of the Fraud Division of Internal Revenue Service, this morning, to review the records that he had obtained for us concerning individuals in the Scientology organization. Only two of the individuals listed as complainants on our recent seizure action, had filed income tax reports from Washington or Maryland sources. They may have filed them in other districts. Mr. Pemberton W. Wall indicated for 1962, that he had earned $1,100 as a spiritual counselor with the Founding Church of Scientology. In his income tax report he deducted $80.00 for electronic equipment which was used in his training for professional status.

Mr. Bonnie B. Turner indicates in his tax report that he is a minister of the Founding Church of Scientology and had received $1,900 during 1962. Mr. Turner lists as his wife, Eleanor Turner.

Other individuals whose reports were reviewed were: David Foster, whose occupation was listed as cafe worker. Mr. Foster claimed no church income. Mr. Robert G. Stephens indicates that he is a musician and is affiliated with the Unitarian Church of Montgomery County, Maryland. He does not indicate income from church sources.

Other information obtained was of no benefit.

Mr. Haley indicated that if he can be of any further assistance to let him know and that in turn he would appreciate any information which we can supply which would indicate that any of these individuals, or individuals connected with the Founding Church of Scientology, had received larger amounts of money, or any money at all, from their religious affiliation. He emphasized that only two of the individuals that we had listed had filed a report in this area.

GDT:blc/dict.

GEORGE D. TILROE
Inspector, Baltimore District

P

DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT, ATTN: MR. SWAIN:

For your information.

GGT:fw

GORDON G. THOMPSON
Chief Inspector
3-4-63

O&cc-DRM
cc-BFA
GDT

4-093 V
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

The Distribution Center
Washington D C

A-10

MEMORANDUM FOR THE FILE

January 25, 1963

On January 24, I visited the offices of the Tax Division of the Department of Justice in an attempt to interview Mr. Warren Wise, the attorney who is handling the tax exemption case on the Founding Church of Scientology. Mr. Wise is the attorney who reviewed our records on the church during the week of January 11, 1963. Mr. Wise was not available for interview. However, Mr. Lyle Turner of the Tax Division was interviewed concerning this case. Mr. Turner was unable to supply any new information concerning the Founding Church of Scientology or the individuals involved.

I next interviewed Mr. Gil Haley of the Fraud Division of Internal Revenue Service. Mr. Haley offered assistance in checking individuals and corporations through their files. He indicated that tax information as well as any information of fraud investigation made by the IRS would be made available to us upon presentation of a list of names of the individuals and corporations. I intend to supply Mr. Haley with such a list and obtain information which may be pertinent to this case.

On January 22, 1963, I interviewed Mr. Robert H. Haynes who is the Liaison Officer of the FBI. Mr. Haynes offered assistance in checking FBI's records of individuals to be checked through the FBI records.

On January 22, 1963, I interviewed Mr. Joe T. Turner, Postal Inspector located at the City Post Office. Mr. Turner outlined briefly his pending investigation of the Scientology organization. He is obtaining case file which will be reviewed with him on Friday, February 1, 1963.

George D. Tilroe

GDTilroe:ca 1-25-63 GDT

November 29, 1967

A13A

Mr. Fred J. Douglas
Chief, N.C.B.
INTERPOL
Room 610
633 Indiana Ave., N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20226

Dear Mr. Douglas:

Thank you for the additional information accompanying your communication of November 24. As you probably know, we still have no final disposition of our action involving Hubbard here in the District of Columbia. We will appreciate continuing to be kept posted.

Sincerely,

Alfred Barnard
Director
Bureau of Regulatory Compliance

ABarnard:vs 11/29/67

cc DCG, w/inc corresp.
R-1 R/F

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
110-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# Memorandum

Phila

H-19

TO : Philadelphia District

DATE: January 25, 1963

FROM : Inspectors W. Remle Grove and Philip B. White

The Distribution Center
(Founding Church of Scientology)
Washington, D. C.

SUBJECT: BFA/P memo 1/23/63 and DRM/P memo 1/17/63
re: Hubbard E Meter

Mrs. Margaret Tereshenko
218 Spruce St.
Audubon, N. J.
(LIncoln 7-0926)

Subject memos requested P Dist to visit Mrs. Tereshenko and obtain specific information concerning her treatment by a scientology auditor. On the afternoon of 1/24/63 Inspector Grove and I went to the address given for Mrs. Florence Tereshenko, 218 Spruce St., Audubon, N. J. Mrs. Tereshenko answered the door and we identified ourselves to her and indicated that we would like to speak with her concerning Scientology and the E Meter. Without hesitation, Mrs. Tereshenko asked us to come in and sit down.

We interviewed Mrs. Tereshenko and obtained the following information: Mrs. Tereshenko, age 49, is a divorcee and is currently living with her unmarried son James (age 26). She informed us that she had undergone approximately 78 hours of processing and that her son had been processed for 40 hours. The auditor who processed Mrs. Tereshenko and also her son was Mrs. Mary Lang who is a nextdoor neighbor. Mrs. Lang's address is 222 Spruce St., Audubon, N. J. Mrs. Lang had lived beside Mrs. Tereshenko for approximately 20 years but never approached Mrs. Tereshenko to become a patient. She stated that Mrs. Lang is a class two auditor but is currently undergoing training in Washington under the supervision of the Founding Church of Scientology to became a class three auditor. Mrs. Tereshenko additionally informed us that Mrs. Lang would complete her training on or about 1/25/63.

There are supposed to be class one, class two, and class three auditors. Class one and class two auditors are individuals learning the art of "clearing" and the class three auditors are individuals that are supposed to have mastered the art of clearing and can conduct their own clinics.

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BUREAU OF FIELD ADMINISTRATION

Information obtained in the investigation of Mrs. Tereshenko is forwarded as requested.

Phil Alst

George J. Gerstenberg
GEORGE J. GERSTENBERG
Acting Supervisory Inspector
2/11/63

GJG/fmz
2 cc - DRM

Mrs. Tereshenko told us that she had asked Mrs. Lang for help after a long series of physical ailments which had necessitated long medical confinements due to surgery and hospital tests. Mrs. Tereshenko related the following medical history of herself to us. In 1958 she was ill for most of the year and consulted various doctors who prescribed drugs which didn't seem to alleviate her condition. She consulted Dr. Earl B. Keller, gynecologist, whose offices are on Rt. 70, Eastgate Drive, Cherry Hill, New Jersey. Dr. Keller performed a historectomy on Mrs. Tereshenko on September 26, 1958.

On 12/28/58 Mrs. Tereshenko had a benign breast lump removed by Dr. Kirkland, general surgeon, Medical Center, Cherry Hill, N. J. Mrs. Tereshenko still complained of severe back pain and consulted Dr. Keller again on 5/5/59. Dr. Keller operated on Mrs. Tereshenko and performed a Cystocel and a Rectocele.

After recovery from these operations, Mrs. Tereshenko developed throat trouble and still complained of some gynecological ailments. In September 1959, she again consulted Dr. Kirkland and entered West Jersey Hospital for tests. The tests revealed several tumors in the throat area and a thyroidectomy was performed by Dr. Keller. Mrs. Tereshenko then told us that she still, after recovering from the previous surgery, had some "female trouble" and consulted Dr. Ralph Wright. He diagnosed her condition as a kidney infection and cysts in the urinary tract.

In February 1961, she was operated on for removal of the urinary cysts and treatment of the kidney infection. Removal of the cysts was done by Dr. Wright, urologist, 300 Broadway, Stephens Bldg., Camden, N. J. All surgery was performed in his office.

In May of 1961 she still suffered from various ailments and was referred by Dr. Wright to Dr. McFadden of Hahnemann Hospital, Phila., Pa. Dr. McFadden recommended tests. Mrs. Tereshenko stated to us at this time that she was undergoing severe mental anguish because of her various physical ailments and she felt that she just couldn't possibly undergo more tests at a hospital. At this time, she turned "in desperation" to Mrs. Lang. Mrs. Lang then began "processing" Mrs. Tereshenko at the same time she was undergoing tests at Hahnemann Hospital. Mrs. Tereshenko underwent the hospital tests in the morning and was processed in the afternoon by Mrs. Lang.

Mrs. Tereshenko said that she immediately noticed after the first day of processing that she was brightening up. It should be noted here that up until Mrs. Tereshenko began "processing," she was taking various types of antibiotics and prescription drugs to help her condition; however, she was informed by the auditor that no drugs can be taken for 8 hours before the "processing" begins as the presence of drugs in the body causes the E Meter to give incorrect readings. Also, processing cannot be done after 10 PM as the body is supposed to be too run down.

Mrs. Tereshenko also informed us that the hospital tests were negative for any type of infection. She then related to us that after the third week of processing her outlook on life was much better, and that she recalled how to read music and type. She had been unable to read music for the past 30 years although she had studied the piano for a period of 6 months when she was a child and as a result of processing cound now play the organ. She told us that she had been a victim of colitis and diverticulitis but that while she was undergoing processing, she felt completely cured of all physical ailments.

Mrs. Tereshenko informed us that a major portion of processing was performed with the use of an E Meter. During the first 3 - 5 hours of processing, all the exercises are physical in order to relax the individual and the E Meter is not used. This initial phase of processing involved several different type drills. Mrs. Tereshenko did not describe the drills specifically but she did give names to three of them. They were: 1. hand to hand drill, 2. wall to wall drill, 3. mirror drill. From this point on the E Meter, which is a small metal box with needle indicators, is placed between the auditor and the individual. She stated that she held in her hands a "metal can" apparatus which was attached to the E Meter by wires.

Mrs. Tereshenko defined processing as going through one's life recalling all possible events until the patient digs out the occluded portion of his or her life which is causing the anguish, either emotional or physical by using specific drills. She did not elaborate on these drills. She said that it was similar to a phsychoanalytical approach.

Mrs. Tereshenko described Mrs. Lang as "sort of an analyst who guides the patient." She stated that the E Meter is merely an indicator of the subconscious. It measures subconscious reaction and assists the auditor in helping the subject undergoing processing. She told us that the auditor did not promise anything, but rather asked at the onset of processing, "What do you want scientology to do for you?"

Mrs. Tereshenko related that processing took her back to her early childhood. In fact, she remembered that her father had sexually molested her at the age of five. She feels that remembering this incident was a prime factor in securing cure of her present physical and mental anxieties and was probably the cause for a portion of her illadjusted sex life. Scientology terms such an incident as an ingram, which is defined as a moment of physical pain or emotion which is buried in the subconscious.

Mrs. Tereshenko then related other incidents that she had recalled by processing. Her family moved several times starting from Chicago to West Berlin, N. J. and to Lansdowne, Pa. At the age of 5, September 1917, she remembered a Mexican family lived next door. She also stated that she remembered a fire in the house next door and a little girl had died in the fire. She said that her father was the cause of the fire and the he had molested the girl. Several years later, the family moved into the house which had burned (evidently, fire damage to the house was superficial) and that she was emotionally sick all the time that she lived in that house. She again attributed all her physical and emotional ailments to psychosomatic origins. She stated, "There is nothing in scientology books that hasn't been proved in my case."

She then told us that Mrs. Lang had loaned her some scientology books to use for her own knowledge while Mrs. Lang was attending the School of Scientology in Washington. She told us that Mrs. Lang had treated several subjects while undergoing training to be a class three professional auditor. Mrs. Tereshenko said that she was not charged for her treatments, but rather that it was done as sort of a favor to her by her next door neighbor. A friend of hers will undergo auditing next week and will pay $300 for a week's "intensive" processing. She told us that scientology was not to her a religion as such, rather that it was a method of treatment and that it could not be done without the use of an E Meter or without specific processing drills. She stated that she thought that processing had made her more aware of her own religion.

Mrs. Tereshenko showed us the following literature that she had on hand which was loaned to her by Mrs. Lang. A list of the literature which we observed is as follows:

1. Dianetics - The Modern Science of Mental Health, A Handbook of Dianetic Therapy, by L. Ron Hubbard

2. Scientology: The Evolution of Science, by L. Ron Hubbard

3. Dianetics: The Evolution of Science, by L. Ron Hubbard

4. Scientology: A History of Man, by L. Ron Hubbard

5. The Problems of Work, by L. Ron Hubbard

6. Science of Survival, by L. Ron Hubbard

7. Scientology: 8-80, by L. Ron Hubbard

Mrs. Tereshenko indicated that she was an Associate Member of Hubbard Association of Scientologists International which cost her $1 and receives pamphlets from the organization several times a month. She pointed to a stack of pamphlets (approx. 6 inches high) that she had received and gave us two copies of a pamphlet titled "What Is Scientology." These two copies are enclosed with this report (Exhibit 1). She also furnished us a "testimonial letter" which is enclosed with this report as Exhibit 2.

Mrs. Tereshenko said that she had no desire to be an auditor but she was very interested in the theoretical aspects of scientology since it had helped her so much. It should be noted here that Mrs. Tereshenko at various times throughout our two interviews with her constantly emphasized the therapeutic effects of scientology to her. She told us that she had consulted Dr. Wright twice since she had undergone processing and that he said that she was in good physical condition and in fact was amazed at the change in her. She also consulted Dr. Tatum of Audubon, N. J., who is her family physician, once since undergoing processing and he could find no physical ailments.

On our second interview with Mrs. Tereshenko on 1/25/63, we obtained medical releases from her to use in consulting the various doctors who had treated her and also to obtain case reports from the hospitals where she had been a patient. At this time, Mrs. Tereshenko told us that she bore no malice against doctors who had treated her during the last couple years, however, she felt that scientology was definitely the motivating factor which had effected the cure from her physical ailments.

She stated that her sister-in-law had sent several copies of Washington newspaper articles to her related to the seizure and she thought the newspapers had grossly distorted the facts about the E Meter and scientology. She stated she would be glad to cooperate with us in any way because the benefits that scientology rendered to her were immense.

At the end of the interview we asked Mrs. Tereshenko whether there were any other auditors in this area. She replied that a Mr. Irving Garfield, 2255 Baird Blvd., Camden, N. J. (WO 6-2414) is a practicing (Class #3) auditor for groups as well as individuals. Mrs. Tereshenko attended a group session held by Mr. Garfield in the Garden Room of the Cherry Hill Inn the last week of July 1961 and thought the processing did not differ from what she received.

A visit was made to each of the various medical doctors that treated or operated on Mrs. Tereshenko. I (Insp. Grove) identified myself, explained the purpose of my visit and gave each doctor a copy of the Medical Records Authorization (FD-461).

Each doctor pulled his file on Mrs. Tereshenko and collaborated information already obtained from Mrs. Tereshenko. Each indicated that the medical work performed on Mrs. Tereshenko was necessary to correct her physical ailments. Ironically, each doctor, without consulting any of Mrs. Tereshenko's other doctors, had made a notation on his record that she (Mrs. Tereshenko) was nervous, emotionally unstable, and dwelt on her medical problems to excessive lengths. This undoubtedly resulted in non specific pains.

A visit to West Jersey Hospital, Camden, N. J. was made and medical records of Mrs. Tereshenko reviewed. These medical records confirmed that Mrs. Tereshenko had been in the hospital for the operations and had been released without any complication.

## Conclusions

The auditor who treated Mrs. Tereshenko was Mrs. Mary Lang, 222 Spruce St., Audubon, N. J. (LIncoln 7-4088). This auditor is currently undergoing further training at the Washington headquarters of the Founding Church of Scientology.

In this case, the auditor did not promise anything directly with respect to the health effects treatment, but did appear to implant in the patient's mind that mind over matter is the only approach to be used concerning the relief of physical and emotional ailments.

Mrs. Tereshenko was not actively solicited by the auditor to become a patient; in fact, it appears that Mrs. Tereshenko approached her first for help. It does not appear that Mrs. Tereshenko considers scientology as a religion, however, she considers it as a means to a cure.

From the description given to us by Mrs. Tereshenko, we would classify the E Meter wich was used in "clearing" as being a "British Mark IV E Meter." We classified the device as being of this type on the basis of a photograph which Mrs. Tereshenko showed us and the label on the device shown to us in the photograph which had inscribed on it, "British Mark IV E Meter."

No charges were assessed by Mrs. Lang for the treatment but we learned that a patient who will be treated by Mrs. Lang on the week following the date of this interview will pay $300 for a week's intensive processing.

Titles of all scientology literature in possession of Mrs. Tereshenko are described in the main body of the memo.

It appears that Mrs. Tereshenko does not intend to become an auditor. She is simply obtaining auditing services in the position of a subject.

To gain more information concerning Mrs. Tereshenko's history, we obtained medical release forms for use in contacting physicians and hospitals in which Mrs. Tereshenko has been a patient throughout the last 3 years.

W. Remle Grove — Philip B. White

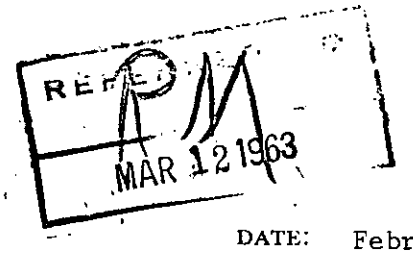
W. REMLE GROVE — PHILIP B. WHITE
Inspector, Philadelphia District — Inspector, Philadelphia District

WRG/PBW/fmz

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*




1-23

TO : SAN FRANCISCO DISTRICT

DATE: February 19, 1963

FROM : Raymond F. Krueger, Inspector

L. Ron Hubbard
Founding of Church of Scientology
Vallejo, California

SUBJECT: Hubbard-E-Meter Investigation
4-093 V RM 1/5
FDC 48405

Distribution Center, Inc.
Washington, D. C.

Regarding DRM memo dated 2/6/63, the subject of the Hubbard-E-Meter FDC 48-405, I visited Mr. Fred Bommer at his place of business, which is the Monarch Sheet Metal Works of 2030 Center Boulevard, Vallejo, California.

I showed my credentials to Mr. Bommer and stated the purpose of my visit. Mr. Bommer explained that his wife is the one who is involved with the Church of Scientology, and that he himself is a member of the Catholic Church which he attends regularly. He said that shortly after he and his wife were married, she converted to Catholicism and later drifted to the Church of Scientology. He added that his wife is still deeply involved with the Church of Scientology. Mr. Bommer stated that his wife would like very much for him to join the Church of Scientology, but he says that it is not for him, since he feels this is a very complex and demanding study.

Mr. Bommer said his wife went to the Center in Washington, D. C. The event took place roughly as follows. Mr. Bommer's wife went to Washington, D.C. and enrolled in the auditor's class of the Church of Scientology in that city. Mr. Bommer described her condition at that time as one of considerable nervousness. Mr. Bommer received several rather disturbing and disorganized letters from Mrs. Bommer. Mr. Bommer then began calling the school in an effort to learn of the whereabouts of his wife. He could not obtain this information from the people at the school. According to Mr. Bommer, they were evasive, but did acknowledge that she was enrolled there. Mr. Bommer then received a phone call

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ADMINISTRATION:
Division of Regulatory Management;

March 6, 1963

As requested in your memorandum DRM/SF dated February 8, 1963,

H. P. Roberts

H. P. ROBERTS
Supervisory Inspector
San Francisco District

from the Washington, D.C. Police Department. He was informed that his wife had been taken into custody after she had turned in a false fire alarm. Mr. Bommer said that his wife had been staying in a rooming house near the school, but for one reason or another, had moved to the YWCA. In her mentally disturbed condition, she had imagined something which had frightened her and she had gone to the lobby of the YWCA and turned in the fire alarm.

Mr. Bommer then went to Washington, D.C. to bring his wife home. While there, he went to the School of Scientology to obtain a refund on the payment made, since Mrs. Bonner had not completed her course in auditing. He said, the gentleman, a Mr. Smith, who he added is no longer with the organization, at first refused to give back his money and later agreed to mail him a check, which Mr. Bommer said he has never seen.

Mr. Bommer stated that his wife was in a very confused state, when he obtained her release from the Washington, D.C. General Hospital. The physician there told him to have her undergo further treatment, when she arrived in California. On their return trip home, they traveled in a stateroom on a train. During this time, Mr. Bommer said, she improved considerably.

According to Mr. Bommer, although his wife had improved somewhat, she voluntarily admitted herself to the Napa State Hospital at Napa, California. Mrs. Bommer underwent a series of shock treatments. According to Mr.Bommer, she has improved steadily, although he indicated her condition at present is still one of considerable tension.

Mr. Bommer stated that at the time he was quite upset about the condition in which he found his wife in Washington, and also the fact that the personnel at the School of Scientology would not refund his money. He took the matter up with the Better Business Bureau.

I gave the attached affidavit to Mr. Bommer and requested he sign it. He read it carefully and declined to do so. He added, that there was one minor error in that my affidavit stated the academy had told him they had not heard of his wife. He said this was not true; they knew she was registered at the school, but they did not know her whereabouts. This statement is underlined in red. He did not give the dates required. Mr. Bommer did not wish to sign the affidavit, nor a release of medical records on his wife. He stated, his wife is still very deeply involved with the Church of Scientology and he felt that if he did sign such a document as my affidavit or release her medical records to FDA, it may cause her considerable concern. He felt this was inadvisable in her condition. He added that his wife is familiar with the "trouble" the Church of Scientology is having with the Food and Drug Administration, and if word got back to her that he had been cooperating with us, extreme difficulties may result.

I asked Mr. Bommer if he felt it was possible for me to interview Mrs. Bommer. He felt it was inadvisable and that in her present nervous condition, an interview by a Food and Drug inspector may prove extremely upsetting, and be enough to cause a mental breakdown on her part. He added that she is happy in this organization. He does not wish to disturb her further. Mr. Bommer said that although Mrs. Bommer is not an auditor, she has taken a number of courses both in Washington and at the Center in Los Angeles. He mentioned that these courses have cost him considerable money, however, since Mrs. Bonner is happy in this organization, he feels her mental stability is of utmost importance, and condones her activities on this ground.

To summarize, Mr. Bommer has changed his outlook toward the Church of Scientology since he registered his complaint with the Better Business Bureau in 1957. He feels his wife has improved considerably and is actually gaining strength from the association with the Church of Scientology. Although he feels his wife is well on the road of recovery, her mental balance appears delicate, since he indicated that just an interview with her may cause a new or a further disturbance. Wishing not to antagonize his wife, Mr. Bommer refused to sign an affidavit or release of medical records.

Althouth Mr. Bommer refused to sign the attached affidavit, he told me the information was essentially true; with the one exception underlined.

Raymond F. Krueger

RAYMOND F. KRUEGER
Inspector
San Francisco District

Attached:
Affidavit

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

H26

TO : DIRECTOR, LOS ANGELES DISTRICT

DATE: February 13, 1963

FROM : D. L. Dovel, Inspector
L. D. Baxter, Inspector

SUBJECT: Hubbard E. meter
4-093V
FDC 48405

Founding Church of Scientology

Mrs. Dean Casteris
2774 Webster Ave.
Long Beach, California

Richard F. Steves
295 Mesa Drive
Costa Mesa, California

On 2-4-63 Mr. Swain of Division of Regulatory Management telephone the Los Angeles District Office and requested we visit each of the above two individuals. The Post Office Department received a complaint from Mrs. Casteris during January of 1962 stating that she was visited by an auditor of the Church of Scientology, Joseph M. Lehman, 2323 Hunington Lane, Redondo Beach, Californa, following a heart attack. Mr. Lehman told her he could cure her heart condition using the E meter. The other individual, Mr. Steves, was an officer and Director in the Founding Church of Scientology. About two or three years ago he broke away from the organization.

On 2-5-63 I visited the Casteris residence and found no one at home. The following morning I phoned the Casteris home before attempting another visit. A male voice answered the phone. He stated that Mrs. Casteris was in bed and inquired whom was calling? After I identified myself, the man told me he was her husband and perhaps her could be of some assistance. He offered to pay a visit to the District Office in preference to a home interview or other location. I then agreed to this interview.

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ADMINISTRATION: February 15, 1963
Attn: DRM

Submitted per DRM telephone assignment 2/4/63

Kenneth E. Kimlel
Supervisory Inspector

Encl:
CC this memo

At 10:30 a.m. on 2-6-63, Mr. Casteris arrived at the Los Angeles District Office for an interview. Supervisory Inspector, C. G. Shane and I interviewed him at this time. After explaining the nature of our interest, Mr. Casteris informed us that he was "pro-scientologist", while the converse was true of his wife. He stated that he was a "student" of Scientology, but was not an auditor. He, of course, denied that the organization made any representations that the meter was useful in the diagnosis or treatment of any mental or physical diseases, but he did acknowledge that many ills could be cured as "fringe benefits" from the use of the E meter.

He explained in great detail that the trouble with humanity in general, was the use of "overt acts". He defined this as the foul deeds one commits against his fellow man. He stated that he had no objections to our talking with his wife, but he wished us to understand that his wife was a "pyschotic" with much hostility against him and the organization. He explained, however, that his wife was basically a "good woman". Mr. Casteris stated his wife was presently under the care of Dr. William Evangelatos, 6120 Seville Avenue, in Huntington Park for her heart condition. He requested that if we still desired to talk with his wife, we should contact Dr. Evangelatos and obtain his opinion that our visit would not cause his wife any ill effects. According to him, if the doctor had no objections to our visiting his wife, he would have no objections to such an interview. Provided Dr. Evangelatos had no objections, he stated that we could talk with his wife alone any afternoon after 1:00 p.m. at the Lagoon B-B-Que, 1415 Santa Fe Avenue in Long Beach. This establishment is operated by the Casteris'. Mr. Casteris stated that he would not mention it to his wife that he had talked with us.

On 2-7-63 Inspector Lee D. Baxter and I visited the offices of Dr. Evangelatos and inquired about the health of Mrs. Casteris. Dr. Evangelatos stated that the woman was suffering from hypertension and clinical angina. In his opinion, only a severe shock such as resulting from some very bad news would present any danger to her health. He stated that he knew of no reason why our visit should pose any danger to Mrs. Casteris' health.

Inspector Baxter and I then drove to the Lagoon B-B-Que in Long Beach. Upon entering this establishment, we found a middle-aged woman and Mr. Casteris present. Instead of identifying ourselves at this time, we ordered a Coca Cola and presented the appearance of regular customers. There were no other customers present at this time. Mr. Casteris then drew a mug of beer from the tap and briefly greeted us, but did not give any indication that he otherwise recognized us. He had stated during his visit to the Los Angeles District Office on 2-6-63 that his wife would be alone at the cafe anytime after 1:00 p.m. As he made no effort to leave the area, we did not pursue the matter further at this time.

We returned to the cafe the following morning when it opened up for business at 10:30 a.m. Mr. Casteris was not present, however, a man about 30 years old was working with Mrs. Casteris. No customers were present.

We identified ourselves to Mrs. Casteris and explained the nature of our visit to her. She did not appear the least bit surprised at our visit. She claimed that the Post Office complaint she submitted in January of 1962 was actually not a complaint, but a letter of inquiry to find out if the Church of Scientology was a legitimate organization. We then asked her if she had ever been approached by Joseph M. Lehman, one of the organization's auditors, with any type of offer to treat her heart condition using the E meter. She replied that she had, but his was about five years ago. She admitted that Lehman had offered to treat her hypertension with the use of the E meter. According to her, there was no mention by Lehman that this involved any particular type of faith on her part, or was it necessary that she join the organization to receive a cure. Mrs. Casteris stated that she did not permit Lehman to treat her. She also mentioned that her husband had had her "on the cans" (the E meter), but she would not say if he attempted any type of treatment. Mr. Casteris earlier stated that he was not an auditor, and only qualified auditors were permitted by the cult to use the E meter.

We inquired if any fee was mentioned with respect to the attempted treatment by Lehman. She stated that a fee would have been charged, but she declined to state the amount. Mrs. Casteris said she could not understand why such "high fees" were charged when the organization represented itself as a non-profit organization. We also asked her if Lehman, her husband, or any other members of the cult had made any representations that she should discontinue visiting regular medical doctors for her heart conditions. She would not give us an answer on this point.

We inquired if Mrs. Casteris would be willing to sign a statement that she was contacted by Lehmmn who stated that he could successfully treat her heart condition by the use of the E meter, and that no acts of faith or membership in the Church were required. She refused, stating that she would sign no statements of any type. She explained that Lehman may have done this on his own inititive without the approval or sanction of the organization. Mrs. Casteris stated that she had seen the newspaper publicity regarding the Washington D. C. seizures and she considered it "a good thing", but she said she wanted no part of the affair.

(It appeared to the inspectors that Mr. Casteris had informed his wife of our pending visit and warned her in some manner not to fully cooperate with us in the matter.)

On 2-11-63 I visited the address provided for Richard F. Steves in Costa Mesa by DRM in the phone call to Los Angeles District on 2-4-63. The man who answered the door identified himself as "Mr. Coleman" and stated that he had never heard of Steves. As I was leaving the home I noted that there was a late model Buick sedan parked in the driveway. The registration slip on the steering column indicated that the car was owned by a Donald B. Coleman.

I then checked the Orange County Telephone Directory for the names of Richard F. Steves and Donald B. Coleman. There was no listing for Steves. Coleman was listed as the Rev. Don B. Coleman, 295 Mesa Drive, in Costa Mesa. This was the address I had just visited.

I then visited the Costa Mesa Post Office. The Post Master stated Steves had given them a change of address card last November. H is new address is 407 Avondale Avenue in Haddonfield, New Jersey.

D. L. Dovel

D. L. Dovel, Inspector

L. D. Baxter, Inspector

TO: ADMINISTRATION 10-17-62

ATTN: DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT

This investigation made as requested in your memo of 10-3-62 to Denver and Seattle Districts. Robert Wingate has 3 devices (2 broken - 1 good). They were manufactured in Tucson, Arizona, and brought here by him. He refused some information and declined details on his split with Hubbard. Although he denies it, evidently he is still practicing Scientology. He states devices are presently being imported from England, but that he has nothing to do with it.

John J. Cox
Chief Inspector

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TO: DIRECTOR, DENVER DISTRICT 10-9-62

FROM: Lewis W. Seaman

SUBJECT: Hubbard, E-Meter

L. Ron Hubbard
Hubbard Communication Office

The Founding Church of Scientology

Academy of Scientology

The Distribution Center

Hubbard Guidance Center

Personal Efficiency Foundation
1812 19th Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Hubbard Association of Scientologists International Los Angeles and Washington, D.C.

Robert Wingate
1610 Carr Street
Lakewood, Colorado

As directed by Bureau of Enforcement memo dated 10-3-62, I visited Mr. Robert E. Wingate to determine if he is currently manufacturing the E-Meter.

10/3/62
9/30/62

Mr. Wingate stated he ceased the manufacture of the E-Meter in 1959, about six months after an E-Meter was picked up by a FDA inspector and sent to Los Angeles or San Francisco for examination. He resided at 1439 E. Hendrich Drive, Tucson, Arizona, at that time.

He stopped making the device over a disagreement with Hubbard who controls the patent rights. Hubbard wanted Wingate to ship the device to England, and Wingate could not or would not do it.

Mr. Wingate stated he has one device in working order and two broken devices. The working device was in his office desk drawer. The device had no serial or other identifying numbers. It is labeled in part "Hubbard Electrometer for use in Scientological Clearing".

He stated that Hubbard is now manufacturing and importing the devices from London, England. They have to be purchased from the two schools, "Hubbard's Association of Scientologists International", one in Los Angeles, California and one in Washington, D.C.

Wingate says he no longer works as a scientologist, but later stated he is the local "Kingpin". There are supposed to be a number of scientologists in the Denver area. None have E-Meters imported from England. Names of other scientologists were refused.

The devices in Wingate's possession were manufactured by him and brought from Arizona to Denver by him.

Mr. Wingate, throughout interview, refused specific information, such as the details of the disagreement between him and Hubbard. Names of other scientologists, what his current business is if he is not practicing scientology. Each refusal was preceded by the statement "If I knew what you wanted".

Documentary sample of Wingate's devices and possibly other devices can be collected if needed.

L. W. Seaman

VETERANS ADMINISTRATION
VETERANS BENEFITS OFFICE
MUNITIONS BUILDING
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

H-45

RM

MAR 7 1963

YOUR FILE REFERENCE:

IN REPLY REFER TO:
C-7 017 422
HUBBARD, Lafayette R.
3072/212

Van W. Smart, Deputy Director
Division of Regulatory Management
Bureau of Enforcement
Department of Health, Education and Welfare
Washington 25, D. C.

4-073V

Dear Mr. Smart:

Mr. Hubbard was rated to be 40 per cent disabled for combined service-connected disabilities from December 11, 1947. His disabilities consist of an ulcer condition, bursitis of the right shoulder, arthritis and blephoro-conjunctivitis. He is receiving $77 monthly compensation.

He entered active service in the United States Navy on November 24, 1941 serving as a Lieutenant and was honorably discharged on February 16, 1946. Three of these four and a half years of service were spent on sea duty.

Our files disclose that Mr. Hubbard was a free lance writer at the time he entered the naval service. He returned to school receiving Vocational Rehabilitation and Educational training under Public Law 16 to complete training in professional writing.

The above information should be kept confidential.

Very truly yours,

F. Maloney

F. MALONEY
Acting Adjudication Officer

*Show veteran's full name and VA file number on all correspondence. If VA number is unknown, show service number.*

CGO

Dallas District
February 25, 1963

FEB 28 1963

DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT

For your information as requested in your memo of 2/5/63.

James E. Anderson
Chief Inspector

blm
Attachments

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TO: Director, Dallas District — February 13, 1963

FROM: Inspector, A. V. Ignatowicz — L. Ron Hubbard

SUBJ: Interview with Mr. Alphia O. Hart — The Founding Church of Scientology

Hubbard E Meter, 4-093 V

DRM Assignment Memorandum 2/5/63 requested contact with a Mrs. Alphia Hart regarding her connection with the above listed organizations Mrs. Alice Hart was contacted at Enid, Oklahoma. She had studied a course at a Hubbard Dianetics Association School in Camden, New Jersey, during 1953. The course was to qualify her as an Auditor in Dianetics. She met and married her husband Mr. Alphia Hart, at this time. Mr. Hart was attending an advanced course in Dianetics at the Hubbard School in Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, during April or May, 1953. She states her husband, Mr. Alphia Hart, has completed the total course of study offered by the Hubbard Organizations and was awarded every degree conferred by the Hubbard Organizations. She stated her husband knows more about Dianetics, Scientology, and Metaphysics than any other person alive. Mr. Hart was presently at their home in Enid reviewing some new publications in the field of Metaphysics in order to write requested reviews on the subject material.

Mr. Alphia Hart was contacted at his home workshop and his association with L. Ron Hubbard and the Hubbard organizations was reviewed. Alphia O. Hart, born in 1902, was employed by the U.S. Army Air Corps as a Civil Service employee Grade GS-9. His duties were script writing for training movie films. He was employd at Lowry Air Base, Denver, Colorado. He was the only civilian employee assigned as a writer for the film coverage of the Bikini Atoll A Bomb test. The OSI Offices in Washington, D.C., would probably have the old CID records concerning the background investigation conducted to furnish Mr. Hart with a security clearance enabling him to work on the Bikini Project. Mr. Hart's historical records may be with the CID Office which is still part of the Department of the Army, since the Air Corps was still a part of that department in 1946. Hart was given a gold identification card signifying his security level. Mr. Hart left government employment in 1952.

2/13/63, A.V.I., Founding Church of Scientology

Mr. Hart developed a critical condition of high blood pressure during the late 1940's. His search for a cure of this condition lead him to his introduction to Dianetics. He took the auditor's course in 1952 at Wichita, Kansas, and went on to take all of the courses offered. He has attained every degree offered by the Hubbard Organizations. Mr. Hart was Office Manager for Hubbard's Communications Office in Phoenix, Arizona, during 1952. Hubbard at this time was searching for a substitute name for Dianetics. Hart suggested that the process of treatment be called Scientology. Hubbard several months later began using the term "Scientology".

Mr. Hart attended an advanced course in Dianetics at Philadelphia, Pennsylvania, during 1953. L. Ron Hubbard made a personal appearance during one of the night class sessions and announced the formation of the Founding Church of Scientology. Hubbard explained to the students that under the cloak of religion the practitioners could then claim the protection of the constitutional amendment dealing with freedom of religion and circumvent some medical practice laws.

Mr. Hart met and married Mrs. Hart while at Philadelphia in 1953. They returned to Phoenix, Arizona, and shortly after Hart and Hubbard came to the parting of the ways. Hart believed Hubbard was profiteering from Dianetics and disagreed with Hubbard's policies. The Harts left Phoenix and moved to Enid, Oklahoma. A number of people associated with Metaphysics wrote Hart asking his view on some of Hubbard's policies and the use of Dianetics. These letters lead Hart to publish his first copies of the "Aberree." The magazine was conceived as an expose of Hubbard's divergence from Dianetics. None of the 1955 or 1956 copies are available at Enid, Oklahoma.

The "Aberree" published 10 times a year containing articles that deal with Metaphysics, spiritual ideas, and anything that may aid mankind. Two recent issues, the January-February and the March, 1963 issues included editorial comments concerning our offices' action involving Hubbard's E Meters. Three copies of each issue were obtained and are attached. Mr. Hart's picture on page 2 of the January-February issue is outlined in red pencil. The articles are also marked with a red pencil. Note the policy of the magazine which appears on page 3.

Hubbard circulated the story that he had discharged Hart for mismanagement of the Phoenix, Arizona, office funds. Hubbard later, in one of his British publications, revoked Hart's degrees, furnishing the reason that an investigation by the CSCE had disclosed HART WAS A Communist. Hart does not know what the CSCE stands for and states he never has been a Communist. Hubbard has never written to HART TO REVOKE THE GRANTED DEGREES. Hart continues to use the awarded titles whenever he desires.

Mr. Hart states that the patents for the original E Meter (Electro Synchrometer) are held by Mr. Volney Mathison who resides in Los Angeles, California. Hart did not furnish Mr. Mathison's address since he did not

want to involve Mathison in our office's current activities with the Hubbard E Meter. Mr. Hart has, in the past, written some advertising on the E Meter for Mr. Mathison. The Hubbard E Meter is Hubbard's adaptation of the original E Meter which he has produced in England.

Mr. Hart studied the practice of Dianetics and Scientology and the incorporated use of the E Meter in the process of "Clearing" individuals. The E Meter is employed as a lie detector to evaluate an individual's subconscious approach to the aberrations binding his body to various mental and physical ills. The last course Hart took was an advanced clinical course given in Phoenix during 1954. Hart believes the E Meter is an excellent tool that should be used in the practice of Dianetics.

Hart recently published an article written by an author he did not wish to name that dealt with a statistical study of the assassination of United States Presidents. The FBI visited Mr. Hart as a result of this article and conducted an investigation of him. The findings of this investigation would probably be available through the FBI Offices in Washington, D.C. Mr. Hart refused to divulge the name of the agent or the date of the FBI visit to his home in Enid, Oklahoma.

Mr. Hart volunteered this information: "If your office is thinking of subpoenaing me as a Government witness, you had better know I'll be a hostile witness. I haven't the time to spare from my work here in the first place, and I don't think your office is taking the right approach by proceeding against the E Meters instead of against Hubbard."

Mr. Hart's voluntary statement that he would prove to be a hostile witness to the Government's case is adhered to by the inspector. Mr. Hart is an intense individual deeply devoted to the pursuit of Metaphysics. He is gifted with a fabulous command of the English language as demonstrated by his magazine "The Aberree." Hart is one of the individuals who assisted L. Ron Hubbard in building his organization encompassing the practice of Dianetics. Hart is a recognized international expert in the field of Metaphysics and could probably argue the Dialectic approach to Dianetics on an equal or higher plain than L. Ron Hubbard. Mr. Hart has an established opinion concerning the value of the E Meters which will not be changed.

A. V. Ignatowicz
A. V. Ignatowicz
Inspector:

ATT: 3 copies "The Aberree"
January-February, 1963, issue
3 copies "The Aberree"
March, 1963, issue.

SAN FRANCISCO DISTRICT

February 6, 1963

Division of Regulatory Management
Bureau of Enforcement

4-093 V
Hubbard E meter
FDC 60405

L. Ron Hubbard
Founding Church of Scientology
Hubbard Guidance Center
Distribution Center, Inc.
Washington, D. C.

Regarding our investigation of L. Ron Hubbard and the above organizations in connection with the above-referenced seizure we have learned through the Better Business Bureau and the Post Office Department that Mr. Fred Demmer at 145 Hill Drive, Vallejo, California, had reported an experience with Scientology with respect to his wife. He advises that his wife became interested in the Hubbard operation and went to Washington, D. C., to take various courses and treatments at the Scientology establishment. She could up in a psychopathic ward of the D. C. General Hospital in Washington, D. C., and was returned to California where she was entered in the Napa State Hospital. Mr. Demmer reported that doctors at the hospital indicate that she has a basic mental difficulty but that the emotional upheaval which caused her confinement can be traced directly to her processing at the hands of the Scientology organization.

When the Post Office looked into this complaint in 1957, Mr. Demmer advised them that his wife was released from the state mental institution but asked that the inspectors not talk to his wife since she might be severely disturbed by such an interview and she was still connected with and involved in the Scientology operation.

Please arrange to interview Mr. Demmer, if possible, and obtain the facts of this matter in the form of an affidavit. Also, if possible, obtain authorization for disclosure of medical records both at the California hospital and with a copy for Baltimore District to follow up at the D. C. General Hospital in Washington. If it is appropriate under the circumstances statement also could be obtained from Mrs. Demmer concerning the sort of treatments she received, use of the E meter, premises of therapeutic benefit of either mental or physical ailments, and names of any individuals with whom she had contact both in Washington and in California within the Scientology setup, and her views of the necessity for religious beliefs to achieve the promised result.

Refer to BNI briefing memorandum of January 24, 1963, for further details.

This assignment was originally issued under date of January 30, inadvertently addressed to Los Angeles District before we had learned the name of Mr. Fred Demmer, and it requested a visit to the Better Business Bureau of Vallejo. The earlier assignment may be disregarded.

cc LA

Enclosures:
cc this memo

cc Balt

Van U. Smart

LA

LOS ANGELES DISTRICT

February 1, 1963

Division of Regulatory Management
Bureau of Enforcement

A-203-V
Hubbard E meter
FDC 48605

L. Ron Hubbard
Founding Church of Scientology
The Hubbard Guidance Center
Distribution Center, Inc.
Etc.

In connection with our investigation of Mr. L. Ron Hubbard and the above associated firms please visit the Better Business Bureau in Vallejo, California.

On April 10, 1957 the Vallejo BBB wrote the Washington, D. C. Better Business Bureau indicating that they had "received a rather pathetic inquiry regarding the subject." The letter indicates that the inquirer states that his wife became interested in Hubbard's operation and went to Washington to take courses. The wife ended up in a psychopathic ward of a Washington hospital and was returned to a California state mental institution. The inquirer stated that doctors at the hospital say that she has a basic mental difficulty but that the emotional upheaval which caused her confinement can be traced directly to her "processing" at the hands of Hubbard and his associates.

Please attempt to obtain the name of this inquirer from the Better Business Bureau with view toward interviewing him regarding his wife's condition and her contact with Hubbard's operations. Authorizations for disclosure of medical records should be obtained and a copy forwarded to Baltimore District for follow-up at the Washington hospital if its location can be determined.

If the investigation indicates that an interview with the patient (wife of the inquirer) is feasible please obtain from her statements pertaining to matters set forth in the BBM briefing memorandum of January 24, 1963.

Van W. Smart

Enclosures:
cc this memo (2)

cc Balt
cc BFA
cc GC
GDTilroe:mm 1-30-63 GDT

5478

San Fran
2-19-63

# AFFIDAVIT

#81

Sample No. _____

State of California )

County of Solano )

Before me, Raymond F. Krueger, an employee of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Food and Drug Administration, designated by the Secretary, under authority of the Act of January 31, 1925, 43 Statutes at Large 803 (5 U.S.C. 521); Reorganization Plan No. IV, Secs. 12-15, effective June 30, 1940; and Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1953, Secs. 1-9, effective April 11, 1953, to administer or take oaths, affirmations, and affidavits, personally appeared Fred Bommer in the county and State aforesaid, who, being first duly sworn, deposes and says:

That on or about _____ my wife went to Washington, D.C. to attend classes at the Church of Scientology Center in that city. Her condition at that time was one of considerable nervous tension. During the next few weeks I received some disturbing letters from her; after she had been there approximately _____ weeks, I tried to call her at the Academy. They told me they had not heard of her. Shortly I received a call from the Washington, D.C. Police Department indicating my wife was taken into custody following her turning in of a false fire alarm. They added that due to an apparently disturbed condition, she had been admitted to the D.C. General Hospital. I went to Washington, D.C. and brought her back to our home in Vallejo.

Her condition improved considerably on the trip home; however she did undergo a series of treatments at the Napa State Hospital. She has steadily improved to the point of full recovery.

Firm _____

Per _____ Title _____

Subscribed and sworn to before me at _____

this 19 day of Feb 1962.

Raymond F. Krueger

Employee of the Department of Health, Education, Welfare designated under Act of January 31, 1925, Reorganization Plan IV effective June 30, 1940; and Reorganization Plan No. 1 of 1953, effective April 11, 1953.

FD-463a (Rev. Feb. 1958)

San Fran
2-19-63

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#81

Sample No. _____

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County of Solano

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FD-463a (Rev. Feb. 1958)

San Francisco 2-19-63

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Raymond F. Krueger

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FD-463a (Rev. Feb. 1958)

San Fran
2-19-63

# AFFIDAVIT

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Sample No. _____

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County of Solano )

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FD-463a (Rev. Feb. 1958)

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

**AIR MAIL**

DRM

FEB 20 1963

TO : DIRECTOR, SEATTLE DISTRICT

DATE: February 15, 1963

FROM : J. Kenneth Kinney, Inspector

SUBJECT: ~~4-093-V.~~ Rm 1/5
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

Hubbard Dianetics Research Foundation
L. Ron Hubbard
Founding Church of Scientology
Distribution Center, Inc.
Etc.

Divorce of Margaret G. Hubbard, Port Orchard, Washington

DRM/Se Dist. 1/24/63 assignment requested in part an investigation into the divorce by Margaret Grubb Hubbard from L. Ron Hubbard at Port Orchard, Washington, in 1947. The microfilm file was reviewed by Inspector Pierce and myself on 2/14/63 and arrangements made for 1 certified copy of 40 pages, which is attached to this memo. There was no charge for the certified copy of the court records. The Kitsap County Clerk is Margaret C. Smith, 1120 Morton Street., Port Orchard, Washington.

Review of the microfilm revealed some details as follows for quick reference and possible follow-up of other aspects of this case in other areas of the country.

The divorce case was filed as No. 23323 in the Superior Court of Kitsap County, Washington, on 4/14/47 with Louise G. Hubbard as the plaintiff and Lafayette Ronald Hubbard as the defendant. Ronald E. Danielson was the lawyer for the plaintiff. The file shows they were intermarried at Elkton, Maryland on 4/13/33. Two children at the time of filing this case were: Lafayette Ronald Hubbard, Jr., 12 years and Katherine May Hubbard, 11 years. They charged the defendant wilfully deserted and abandoned the plaintiff and minor children in December 1945 and refused support. His address at that time may have been P.O. Box 270, Stroudsburg, Pa.

---

February 19, 1963

BUREAU OF ENFORCEMENT
DIVISION OF REGULATORY MANAGEMENT
ATTENTION: WILL SWAIN

We are enclosing copies of records covering the divorce of L. Ron Hubbard by Margaret G. Hubbard subsequently known as Polly Morton and now Mrs. John T. Ochs of Box 312, Gap, Pennsylvania. These records also include a petition for modification of the divorce decree which charges L. Ron Hubbard among other things with a bigamous second marriage.

Arnold N. Morton

ARNOLD N. MORTON
Acting Director, Seattle District

1963 FEB 26 PM 4 35

FOOD & DRUG ADM.
RECORDS BRANCH

A default decree by stipulation of both parties was filed 6/16/47. The plaintiff received the two children starting on 6/1/47 with $25 for the care and support of each and visitation rights by the defendant and $100 attorney fees plus court costs. The plaintiff retained her properties in Maryland and Washington but the defendant was to retain the Colby, Washington, property. This order was made by the court on 6/23/47.

On 8/11/47 there was filed an affidavit for order to show cause why the fees and support should not be paid although the defendant was able to pay.

The final decree of divorce was filed on 12/24/47.

On 6/11/51 a petition was filed for modification of the decree of divorce, stating:

(1) plaintiff employed in 1947, now remarried and has no salary.
(2) the defendant was then in modest financial circumstances but has now great wealth acquired as an author and as founder-president of dianetics.
(3) cost of living up.
(4) as of June 8, 1951, defendant has paid nothing for the support of said children.

The petitioner prayed for an order increasing the amount of childrens support money commensurate with his present financial condition and court costs.

It also charged the defendant bigamously married Sara Northrup Hubbard on 8/10/46 at Chestertown, Md., and they lived together as husband and wife until on or about 2/24/51 when they separated in California. They were divorced on her complaint in a decree of the District Court of the State of Kansas in Sedgwick County, Judge Wm. C. Kandt, presiding, in Cause No. A-36 574 entitled "Sara Northrup Hubbard, plaintiff, vs. Lafayette Ronald Hubbard, defendant." The decree was granted on 6/12/51. At that time L. Ron Hubbard lived at 211 West Douglas Avenue, Witchita, Kansas.

The file further shows that Polly Morton, formerly Margaret G. Hubbard, did receive some $1600 support money from her former husband in 1951, but the attorney, Mr. Danielson, never did receive his fees. When we interviewed Mr. Danielson on 2/14/63 he stated he had no additional information on L. Ron Hubbard except for his personal opinion that Mr. Hubbard was a proverbial liar. He stated the last address he had for the former Margaret G. Hubbard, now known as Mrs. John T. Ochs, was Box 312, Gap, Pennsylvania. The last correspondence with her was in December 1961.

J. Kenneth Kinney

J. KENNETH KINNEY

Accompanied by:

Larry L. Pierce

Attachment:
1 certified cy divorce action (40 pages)

H118

Adkin, Maurin - 1812 - 19th St., N.W.

Angel, Harris R. - 2100 Connecticut Ave., N.W. alias "Wing"

Angel, Jeanette - 2100 Connecticut Ave., N.W. alias "Smokey"

Behnke, Werner - 1810 Connecticut Ave., N.W.

Bagley, Frodel - 1900 S St. Washington, D.C.

Boruck, Marie - 1713 Riggs Place, N.W.

Breedon, Paul M. - 1921 19th ST N.W.

Conway, Roger M. - 1500 Massachusetts Ave., N.W.

Edelstein, Marguerite - 1919 19th St.

Fisher, Natalie - 1818 19th St.

Ford, Eunice - 1713 Riggs St., N.W.

Foster, David K. - 1708 16th St., N.W.

Fudge, John - 1812 19th St., N.W.

Gibbons, William S. - 1818 19th St.N.W.

Gillispie, John J. - 2011 Columbia Road, N.W.

~~Hancock, Douglas - 2120 19th St. N.W.~~

Hancock, George Hooker - 2110 19th St., N.W.

Hancock, Helen L. - 2110 19th St., N.W.

Hermann, Mogens V. - 1830 Connecticut Ave., N.W.

Horner, Ann - 1816 19th St., N.W.

Horner, Arthur L. - 1816 19th St., N.W.

Hoskins, Donald Millard - 1921 19th St., N.W.

James, Anton - 1713 Riggs Place, N.W.

King, Stella L. - 1900 S St., N.W.

Knop, William F. III - 2413 Old Frederick Road - Catonsville, Md.

Lambright, Doris - 1907 S St.

Love, Bud - 1818 19th St.

Moore, Herbert W. III - 1825 T St., N.W.

Moran, Michael - 1704 19th St.

Payer, Fred - 1823 Lamont St., N.W.

Reeve, Jean - 1921 19th St,

Rohrer, Wayne - 4201 Watkin Trail - Annandale, Va.

Routsong, Marilyn - 1818 19th St., N.W.

Stevens, Robert G. - 4503 Walsh St. - Chevy Chase, Md.

Form No. 65-36M-202102(62) 114

COPY

H128

(1) Record No. 542667

Date

# THE CITY OF NEW YORK
# DEPARTMENT OF LICENSES

## APPLICATION
## CABARET OR PUBLIC DANCE HALL
## EMPLOYEE'S IDENTIFICATION CARD

PHOTO

ORIGINAL

RENEWAL

**Full and complete answers are required to each question.**

**Any false statement made by the applicant herein is cause for disapproval of this application.**

**Applicant must furnish 2 photographs (1½ inches square) of recent date.**

(2) Name (Print) GENE HOBEL (First, Initial, Last) (3) Tel. No. TR 7-4219

(4) Professional or Assumed Name GENE HOBEL

(5) Residence 20 W 85TH ST Apt. No. 3

(6) Date of Birth 8/5/21 (7) Place of Birth SHANGHAI, CHINA ~~ALIEN~~ CITIZEN (cross out one)

(8) ~~Race (Color)~~ Sex MALE Height 5'7 3/4 Weight 170 Hair BROWN

Eyes BROWN Complexion Social Security No. 059-12-4969

(9) Place of employment SEAWAY HOTEL (IDLEWILD)

(10) Address QUEENS (11) Occupation MUSICIAN

(12) Has your application for a license ever been denied? NO If so, explain —

(13) Have you ever had a license suspended or revoked? NO If so, explain —

(14) Do you hold any license issued by The City of New York? NO

(15) Were you ever employed in a cabaret or public dance hall where the license was suspended or revoked? NO If so, explain —

(16) Have you ever been arrested or summoned to court (except traffic violations) NO

If so, list offenses, dates and final dispositions —

(17) If renewal, have you been arrested or summoned to court since your last license issued? NO

If so, explain

In consideration of being granted the license hereby applied for, it is agreed that the applicant will comply with the rules and regulations of the Department of Licenses that are now in force or that may in the future be promulgated. PENALTY FOR FALSIFICATION: Falsification of any statement made herein is an offense punishable by a fine or imprisonment or both. (N. Y. C. Administrative Code Section 982-9.0)

GENE HOBEL
Signature of Applicant

Examined By

### DEPARTMENT USE ONLY

Temporary Card Issued 4-30-62 No. 1194 Date of Expiration 7-28-62

Permanent Card Issued 7/25/62 No. 2041 Date of Expiration 9/30/65

Fingerprints Sent 5/30/62 S7 Returned

### COMMISSIONER'S ACTION

Based on Statements in Application, Inspection Report, Office Report, and any other relevant matter.

JULY 25 1962 AT INTERVIEW UNDER OATH, CLAIMS NO OTHER ARREST OR SUMMONS. OMITTED DALLAS ITEM BECAUSE HE THOUGHT IT ONLY APPLIED TO N.Y. HELD LESS THAN ONE DAY. CLAIMS CASE NEVER WENT TO COURT. ORAL WARNING ISSUED. APPROVED FOR PERMANENT CARD.

Date 19

Approved Denied

Commissioner.

GERARD M WEISBERG
DEPUTY COMMISSIONER

Date 7-25-62

RECEIPT OF PERMANENT EMPLOYEE'S IDENTIFICATION CARD IS HEREBY ACKNOWLEDGED.

GENE HOBEL
Signature of Applicant

Tucker, Janet - 1114 Henderson Lane - Falls Church, Va.

Turner, Bennie B. - 1812 19th St., N.W.

Walker, F. Fred - 1261 21st St., N.W.

Wall, Pam - 1827 19th St., N.W.

Wooten, John P. - 252 Park St. - Hanbrille, Nova Scotia Canada

H136

4-093 V
Hubbard E mater FILE
FDC 48405

The Distribution Center
Washington, D. C.

February 1, 1963

U. S. Veterans Administration
Administrator of Veterans Affairs
Vermont Avenue - Between H & I Streets, N. W.
Washington 25, D. C.

Attention: John S. Gleason, Jr.

Gentlemen:

In connection with a case presently pending in the District Courts, we are investigating the activities and background of Mr. Lafayette Ronald Hubbard.

Our investigation indicates that this individual is drawing a 30% disability for claims of arthritis incurred while serving in the U. S. Navy.

We would appreciate verification of this information and any other information which might aid our investigation of the background of this individual.

Mr. L. Ron Hubbard's Naval Serial No. is 113392.

Sincerely yours,

Van W. Court, Deputy Director
Division of Regulatory Management
Bureau of Enforcement

cc Balt
cc GC
cc BFA
GDTilroe:ms 1-31-63

Tel. REpublic 2-5024

*VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist*

**Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings**

Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer

1208-1214 WEST 30TH STREET
LOS ANGELES 7, CALIFORNIA

#137

*Don't drift*
*Upon the Ocean of Life*
*Set a course*
*Then, whether the weather*
*Be sunny or stormy—*
*Hold to it.*
*Arrive!*
*THERE IS A WAY!*
*—Volney G. Mathison*

Feb 16 63

Dear Mr Wood

I don't know whether you see or care to see this stuff pouring out from "scientology" Am sending it along anyway. Not necessary to return.

NG

Very truly yours

Volney G. Mathison

PS They are also still sending out literature from Englad peddling "electrometers" to individual USA purchasers.

Tel. REpublic 2-5024

VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist
Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings
Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer
1208-1214 West 30th Street
Los Angeles 7, California

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*—Volney G. Mathison*

May 28, 1963

A.F. 3-027
DCC 5/14

U. S. Food and Drug Administration
U. S. Dept of Health and Welfare
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sirs:

Herewith a concise restatement of the functions of and claims made for the Mathison Electropsychometer.

The functions claimed are those set forth in the specifications of the original patent # 2,684,680, issued July 27, 1954, as follows:

1: The instrument registers electrical ohmic resistance between two metal hand-held electrodes. It therefore registers the ohmic resistance drops resulting from the sweat-jetting action of the psychogalvanic reflex---the "GSR" of medical literature.

2: Since the metal electrodes are usually hand-held, the electropsychometer also registers a myodynamic reflex, or reflex variations of muscular gripping tension in the fingers and hands. This action is similar to that obtained with other expensive types of instruments, such as the myograph.

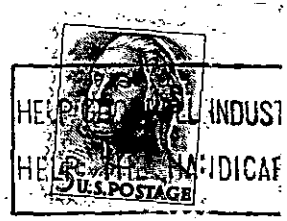
3: The electropsychometer achieves a simultaneous composite registration of both the psychogalvanic reflex and the myodynamic reflex.

4: The instrument consequently may used as a device for registering the emotional reactions of an examinee that occur under interrogation.

5: Increasingly quiescent electropsychometric registrations developing during a system of interrogation or review of a situation in the past history of the examinee indicates some relative degree of relaxation. This relaxation may or may not be permanent. The same system of interrogation administered at a later date may or may not cause a recurrence of emotional registrations on the electropsychometer.

*Volney G. Mathison, Electropsychometrist*
1214 WEST 30TH ST.
LOS ANGELES 7, CALIF.

LOS ANGELES
MAY 29
AM
1963
CALIF.




U. S. Food and Drug Administration
U. S. Dept of Health and Welfare
Washington, D.C.

(Attention of section investigating
bioelectronic modalities.)

Tel. REpublic 2-5024

*VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist*

Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings

Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer

1208-1214 West 30th Street
Los Angeles 7, California

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*Set a course*
*Then, whether the weather*
*Be sunny or stormy—*
*Hold to it.*
*Arrive!*
*THERE IS A WAY!*
*—Volney G. Mathison*



6: The electropsychometer is not, per se, a modality for relieving an examinee of nervous, physical, or psychical tensions.

Very truly yours,

MATHISON ELECTROPSYCHOMETERS

Volney G. Mathison

VGM:mp

Tel. REpublic 2-5(

*VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist*

Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings

Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer

1208-1214 West 30th Street
LOS ANGELES 7, CALIFORNIA

H139

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*—Volney G. Mathison*

January 17, 1963

US Food and Drug Administration
1521 West Pico Blvd.
Los Angeles, California

Attention Mr. G. R. Wood

Dear Sirs:

Herewith a copy of a letter which I have sent to Mr. Wm. C. Moore, 1303 Wisconsin Avenue N W, Washington D.C., in response to an inquiry from him.

This inquiry comes addressed to me in a certain keyed way which corresponds to my name as the scientology concern have me listed on their mailing list, so I suspect it may be from some person looking for a new supply of instruments for scientology.

Some years past, we supplied Hubbard with a small model electropsychometer; but cancelled the distributorship because of what I considered to be possibly harmful and destructive interpretations of the instrument registrations of the psychogalvanic reflex when used in Hubbard's classes and by his students. Hubbard subsequently began producing the spurious imitation of the patented electropsychometer which he called the "electrometer."

I intend to take precautions to make sure that no Mathison electropsychometers are obtained by any one for the purpose of promulgating or continuing the concepts and methods of Hubbard or his scientology concern.

Very truly yours,

MATHISON ELECTROPSYCHOMETERS

Volney G. Mathison

Volney G. Mathison

VGM:mp

Tel. REpublic 2-502

*VOLNEY G. MATHISON, Electropsychometrist*

Personalized Self-Suggestion and Self-Hypno Recordings

Inventor and manufacturer of the Mathison Electropsychometer

1208-1214 West 30th Street
Los Angeles 7, California

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*THERE IS A WAY!*
*—Volney G. Mathison*

January 17, 1963

Mr. Wm. C. Moore
1303 Wisconsin Avenue N.W.
Washington, D.C.

Dear Sir:

Thank you for your inquiry about the Mathison electropsychometer.

I would appreciate your advising whether you have any specific program or proposed application of the instrument.

The U S Department of Health and Welfare through the agency of its Food and Drug administration has confiscated the "electrometers" and books of the Hubbard Scientology concern in Washington DC, probably because of mislabelling, the mislabelling in turn presumably being comprised in the extensive Hubbard publications which evaluate psychogalvanic reflex registrations with various unsupportable or at least controversial interpretations.

Are you connected with or in anyway interested in scientology?

Very sincerely yours,

MATHISON ELECTROPSYCHOMETERS

Volney G. Mathison

VGM:mp

Enclosures

Case D-98872 Wichita - City Police Dept.

#144

Virginia Pigott (30)wfe 6-6-52

The above was arrested at 6:00 PM this date at the Kings X Hamburger stand at Kellogg and Oliver and charged Vagrancy and Investigation (mental).

At approximately 4:45 PM this date as I reported for duty, I was contacted in the Vice Dept. by Det. Bruff. He informed me that he had received a call from the Manager of the Kings X Hamburger Stand at Kellogg and Oliver in regards to an unknown woman, driving a green Ford coach, 1942 model, bearing a New Mexico license 236-639. He said this woman was dressed in a green sweater, brown skirt and had a green ribbon in her hair. The manager thought she was taking some kind of pills. She had been in the place for some time and was acting in a very peculiar manner. He thought that possible she might be taking some kind of dope or barbiturates. Det. Bruff asked me to check into this as I was going to the Eastern part of the city.

At approximately 5:45 PM this date I went to the Kings X Stand at Kellogg and Oliver and contacted Leslie (no) Dunnavant who lives at the Eaton Hotel. He told me he was the Assistant Superintendent of the establishment and that the woman he had called about was sitting in a booth at the North Side of the room. He said that this woman had been stuffing something down her brassier and had been trying to get the young Male help in the stand to come and sit with her in the booth. I, Det. Mountain walked up to this woman Virginia Pickett, this being the name given to me by this woman after some interrogation. I showed her my badge told her that I was a Police Officer and asked her to come outside. She got up and went to her car parked on the North side of the Hamburger Stand. At this time she became violent and Abusive. She had about five packages of freshly opened cigarettes in front of her. She immediately stated that her name was Mrs. L. Ron Hubbard, and that she wouldn't give Tom Seed, the County Attorney, any more dates as he had tried to date her. She stated that she was a very good friend of Mr. Fletcher, the F. B. I. agent. She kept rambling on until she became Belligerent. I then was convinced that I had a Mental Case on my hands and I did not wish to transport her to the station by myself after hearing the statements she had been making about prominent men in the city. I called for the beat man to assist me, and in a few minutes Officer Lort and Officer Bennet arrived on the scene and after considerable pursuasion we got this woman into the Police car and she was brought to the station. The Station Lieutenant talked to this woman and was convinced that she be held for vagrancy and Investigation as a mental case, and so ordered. The Investigation sheets were made out by Lieutenant Cook and Turned over to the Desk Sargeant.

In the Matron's office this woman was stripped and several cigarette butts and bits of paper were found inside her brassier and several cigarette packages and cigarette butts were found in her purse and pockets. She was checked to determine if she was using narcotics but no medicine or equipment was found to indicate the use of any drys. The woman's car, a 1942 Ford with New Mexico plates 236-639 was taken care of by Officers Lort and Bennett. This report will suffice for the officers as far as the arrest is concerned, for details of the disposition of the car, see their report under this case.

/S/ R. G. Mountain #114
/s/ Officers Lort & Bennett by J.C.B.

Virginia Pickett Pigott (30) Wfe 6-6-52

The above arrested Kellogg and Oliver charged Vag and Inv(mental). Check other officer's report for facts leading to this officer's report. I attempted to converse with the above named person in the Matron's Office and found her to be (somewhat mentally unsound, rational(?) and, was in such a state of mind that she could not give any sound answers to my questions asked.) The matron stated that this lady yells and hollers at times and believes that steps should be made to have her transferred to the County Jail if unable to get a deposition on the case here at the station. Due to the condition of this lady, and, that she was in no condition to be let out on the street into society I contacted the Probate Court Judge (MACK BRYANT). He stated that he was familiar with this lady, and that she had been committed once before in 1951 in his court. I contacted W.C.Norton 421 s roosevelt phone number 40336 or 623182, a friend of Virginia Pigott, that he could not help her, and in all probability should be taken through the Probate Court, as he could not help her as she thought. I attempted to contact her sister Mary E. Wiggins 1402 N. Brdy phone 76846, however, learned that she was in California. After my contacting Judge Bryant, this officer signed a committment paper in which she was transferred to the Sedgwick County Jail on 6-7-52. The 1941 Ford Coach bearing (51) New Mexico License 2-36369 serial number 18-5922566 was left in the Red Ball Garage until a check has been made with the New Mexico authorities as to the ownership and if stolen. Virginia Pigott stated the car was given to her by Mr. Hubbard of the Hubbard Dianetic Foundation 211 W. Douglas Phone no 76271. I contacted Miss Krehbal of the Foundation. She stated that Mr. Hubbard was in Phoenix, Arizona, and, that she would attempt to locate his address for the department. According to the information I get from Virginia Pigott and Mr. Larry Otey of 910 North Yale, the car registration is made out to a Dean Carranahan, an Alias of Mr. Hubbard. I was advised that Mr. Hubbard address is Evergreen Groves 48th and East Indian School Road, Phoenix, Arizona. Mr. Mahoney of the Hubbard Foundation stated that Hubbard gave the car to Virginia Piggott because of back payment of wages, and believed that the title of the car had been changed. ***

Covey 76#
6-8-62

Virginia Pigott (30) wfe 6-6-52

The above lady was arrested approx. 5:35Pm.m date at Oliver and Kellogg in back of Kings X and charged with V & I Mental case.

This is an additional report on this case in regards to the disposition of the automobile.

The auto, a 1941 Ford Coach bearing (51 New Mexico Lic 2-36369 Motor No. 18-5922566, this car was impounded in the Red Ball Garage

The Albany Medical College of Union University

Albany, New York FOUNDED IN 1839

Department of Physiology

H155

May 17, 1963

DMR 7/27/63

Dr. Joseph B. Davis
Bureau of Medicine
Department of Health,
Education and Welfare
Food and Drug Administration
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Dr. Davis:

A brief note to acknowledge the material you forwarded. Pressure of other things has prevented my going over this material carefully, but it looks as though the Roby device should be pretty easy to nail. At best, the gadget seems to be an electro-massage device, but the labeling goes far beyond this.

The Hubbard "E" meter is in a little different category. Although I have not opened the box to see just what the circuit looks like, it seems to be a reasonably legitimate instrument for measuring skin resistance, with adequate sensitivity to pick up changes in the physiological range. I have not attempted to check its linearity, but there is no particular reason why a diagnostic instrument needs to have a high degree of linearity to be useful. I would rate this device as being a legally acceptable product to use for assessing emotional reactions, or to assist in localizing certain types of acute inflamatory processes. If their labeling stays within this area, I do not see a case. However, if their labeling goes beyond into the broad spectrum of all sorts of disease, chronic as well as acute, then you have the same type of case as you had with the Microdynamometer.

After June 1, my schedule should be reasonably flexible, so I should be on deck if you need me.

Sincerely yours,

R. S. Alexander

Robert S. Alexander, Ph.D.
Chairman of the Department

RSA:rs

572.2-11

Hubbard E meter

# The Albany Medical College of Union University

Albany, New York

FOUNDED IN 1839

N-10-c

Department of Physiology

May 17, 1963

DAH 5/27/63

Dr. Joseph B. Davis
Bureau of Medicine
Department of Health,
Education and Welfare
Food and Drug Administration
Washington 25, D. C.

Dear Dr. Davis:

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Sincerely yours,

R. S. Alexander

(Robert S. Alexander, Ph.D.
Chairman of the Department)

RSA:rs

572.1

Copies to Swann & Cain

H179

June 12, 1967

Nathan Dodell, Esquire
Assistant United States Attorney
Washington, D. C.

Re: United States v. ... Hubbard Electrometer; Civil No. 1-63 4-093 V; F.D.C. No. 48405

Dear Mr. Dodell:

In accordance with our telephone conversation of today, we are listing below the expenses incurred by the Government in obtaining expert testimony in the above matter.

Witness

Thomas McP. Brown, M.D.
901 23rd St., N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20037

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nov. 23, 1966 - Conference | | $50.00 |
| March 30, 1967 - Conference | | 50.00 |
| April 12, 1967 - Testimony | | 95.00 |
| | Total | $195.00 |

Richard A. Steinbach, M.D.
3800 Reservoir Road, N.W.
Washington, D. C. 20007

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nov. 23, 1966 - Conference | | $50.00 |
| March 24, 1967 - Conference | | 50.00 |
| April 13, 1967 - Testimony | | 95.00 |
| Taxi fare | | 2.20 |
| | Total | $197.20 |

Leon Yochelson, M.D.
Dept. of Psychiatry, Geo. Washington Hospital
901 23rd St., N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20037

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nov. 23, 1966 - Conference | | $50.00 |
| April 1, 1967 - Conference | | 50.00 |
| April 12, 1967 - Testimony | | 95.00 |
| | Total | $195.00 |

Nathan Dodell, Esq. - 6/12/67

Dr. John I. Lacey
Fels Research Institute
Yellow Springs, Ohio 45387

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| April 3, 1967 - Pretrial conference | | $95.00 |
| April 4, 1967 - Court testimony | | 95.00 |
| April 3, 1967 - Per Diem | | 8.00 |
| April 4, 1967 - " " | | 16.00 |
| April 3, 4, 1967 - Travel expenses | | 79.76 |
| | Total | $293.76 |

I contacted Dr. Lester Henry, Department of Internal Medicine, Howard University School of Medicine, Washington, D. C. today and determined that he has the following claimable expenses:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Nov. 23, 1966 - Conference fee | | $50.00 |
| March 30, 1967 - " " | | 50.00 |
| April 18, 1967 - Testimony | | 95.00 |
| | Total | $195.00 |

We will confirm Dr. Henry's expenses immediately upon receipt.

Sincerely yours,

MERL J. RYAN
Assistant to Director
Baltimore District

cc CG, Att. Mrs. Sick

FOOD & DRUG ADM
ADM. SERVICES BR
JUL 13 AM 10:41
MAIL ROOM
RECEIVED

NOTE.- NOT USE THIS ROUTE SLIP TO SHOW FORMAL CLEARANCES OR APPROVALS

DATE 6/12/67

TO: 1. ~~[illegible]~~ AGENCY BLDG. ROOM

2. MRS. SISK
GENERAL COUNSEL

GC

☐ APPROVAL ☐ REVIEW ☐ PER CONVERSATION
☐ SIGNATURE ☐ NOTE AND SEE ME ☐ AS REQUESTED
☐ COMMENT ☐ NOTE AND RETURN ☐ NECESSARY ACTION
☐ FOR YOUR INFORMATION
☐ PREPARE REPLY FOR SIGNATURE OF _____

REMARKS:

(Fold here for return)

To
From

| PHONE | BUILDING | ROOM |
|---|---|---|
| | | |

FORM HEW-30 REV. 11/56 ROUTE SLIP GPO:1956—O—409606

17180

3-548 P FILE
Dianezene - E-Meter
FDC 41556

The Distribution Center Inc
Washington DC

March 31, 1959

MEMORANDUM OF CONFERENCE

Present: Edward Troxell, First Assistant U. S. Attorney, Criminal Division
Capt. Ernest Jefferson, DC Police Department

Taylor Quinn, Resident Inspector, Washington, D. C.
Robert J. Asman, Assistant Chief, Civil Division,
U. S. District Attorney's Office, Washington, D. C.
Oliver Gash, U. S. District Attorney, Washington, D. C.

Will N. Swain, Division of Regulatory Management

This meeting was called to report to Mr. Troxell the experiences of Inspector Quinn in his one week's training course at the establishment and to learn from Mr. Troxell the details of certain other developments for the purpose of formulating plans for further investigation.

Mr. Troxell was told that Mr. Quinn had received just about the type of training which might have been expected from a review of the literature in our possession, that no evidence was developed which would indicate that the E-Meter was being misbranded by representation in the course of this type of training program, and it seemed unlikely that a further pursuit of this approach would yield any information of material value without the expenditure of an inordinate amount of time and money. For that reason, Mr. Quinn was being withdrawn from the course in order to utilize his time more efficiently.

He was also advised that there was no evidence developed to indicate fraud or of any skepticism or disbelief on the part of the operators or participants, in the establishment's activities.

Mr. Troxell was advised that the FDA would make an inspection of the firm distributing the E-Meters from Tucson, Arizona and any information developed there would be followed up appropriately for enforcement of the Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act. He was advised that we would bear in mind that L. Ron Hubbard was a moving force back of all this activity and that he would be included as a defendant in any action we might take if the evidence justified such inclusion. He was also told that he would be kept advised of developments.

Mr. Troxell supplied a seven-page memorandum to the files dated March 16, 1959 with respect to a patient, Ernest Alsvary, who had attempted suicide, blaming his plight (in a suicide note) on L. Ron Hubbard. He furnished the additional information which he had received only moments before the conference took place that E. Alsvary had been successful on the night of March 30 in a second suicide attempt.

Memorandum of Conference--3/31/59

Mr. Troxell is still pursuing the possibilities of civil action in the nature of an injunction against violation of the Healing Arts Act of the District of Columbia. He suggested that a re-inspection by Inspector North at the Washington location of the firm might be very valuable to him if it were conducted with the understanding that Inspector North pursue every appropriate line of inquiry as vigorously as possible during the inspection. He indicated that he was aware that Inspector North would probably be accused of various improper actions if such an inspection were undertaken and agreed that it should be a two-man operation, both for purposes of physical safety and to refute any false accusations which might be brought against them.

He was not promised that any such inspection would be made but was told that its advisability would be considered.

Will N. Swain

cc Balt IA

cc BM DDB BE BFA GC DRM

WNSwain:vw 4/7/59

H183

BALTIMORE DISTRICT

January 29, 1963

Division of Regulatory Management
Bureau of Enforcement

A-693 V
Hubbard E meter
FDC 40485

file

L. Ron Hubbard
Founding Church of Scientology
Hubbard Dianetics Research Foundation
Etc.

During 1950 and 1951 a Roland W. (or R.) Walker, Jr., M. D., was said to be a sponsor of the Dianetics movement in the Washington, D. C. area. Dr. Walker was an Internist at Norfolk, Virginia. Dr. Walker disassociated himself with the Dianetics movement due to practices with which he objected. We have been unable to locate Dr. Walker's present address.

Please made an attempt to locate Dr. Walker in the Norfolk area with view toward interviewing him concerning his connection with Dianetics and reasons for his disassociation. The AMA Journal does not list Dr. Walker however he may not be a member of the local medical society.

Please also interview Christine C. Free, 2107 Carterdale Road, Baltimore, Maryland, Miss Ann is listed in an old Ability magazine as a Scientologist. Please determine if she is a franchise holder and her understanding of the operation of the subject firm.

An individual by the name of Pinkham of 3611 Mary Avenue, Baltimore, Maryland, should also be interviewed to determine his or her connection with the above firm. Determine if the Pinkham individual is a franchise holder.

In all contacts with the above individuals please solicit their views on matters discussed in DRN briefing memorandum of January 24, 1963.

Van U. Smart

Enclosures:
cc this memo (2)

cc BFA
cc GC
GDTilroe:ms:1-28-63

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
BUREAU OF NAVAL PERSONNEL
WASHINGTON 25, D.C.

11-42730

IN REPLY REFER TO

Pers-E24-LWB:km
113392/1105
25 Feb 1963

Department of Health, Education & Welfare
Food and Drug Administration
Washington 25, D. C.

#1981

Gentlemen:

The following statement of the naval service of former Lieutenant Lafayette R. Hubbard, U. S. Naval Reserve is forwarded in response to your letter of 31 January 1963:

| COMPONENT | ACTIVE | TRAINING | INACTIVE |
|---|---|---|---|
| MONT NG-ENL | | | 19 Oct 27-29 Oct 28 |
| USMCR-ENL | | | 1 May 30-29 Jun 30 |
| USMCR-ENL | | 30 Jun 30-19 Jul 30 | 20 Jul 30-22 Aug 31 |
| USMCR-ENL | | 23 Aug 31- 6 Sep 31 | 7 Sep 31-22 Oct 31 |
| USNR-OFF | | | 19 Jul 41-21 Sep 41 |
| USNR-OFF | 22 Sep 41- 6 Oct 41 | | 7 Oct 41-23 Nov 41 |
| USNR-OFFF | 24 Nov 41-16 Feb 46 | | 17 Feb 46-30 Oct 50 |

29 October 1928 Honorably discharged
22 October 1931 Honorably discharged
30 October 1950 Resignation accepted under honorable conditions

PROMOTIONAL HISTORY (NAVY)

19 Jul 1941 Lieutenant (junior grade), U. S. Naval Reserve
15 Jun 1942 Lieutenant, U. S. Naval Reserve (Temporary)

Vessels to which attached and duties performed:

| VESSEL | PERIODS | DUTIES |
|---|---|---|
| Supervisor of Ships Portland, Oregon | 15 Jan 43-20 Apr 43 | Prospective Commanding Officer, connection fitting out USS PC-815 |
| USS PC-815 | 21 Apr 43- 7 Jul 43 | C. O.; Morale, Welfare, Medical & Ship's Service Officer |

Pers-E24-LWB:km
113392/1105

| VESSEL | PERIODS | DUTIES |
|---|---|---|
| Supervisor of Ship-Building, U. S. Navy Portland, Oregon | 2 Dec 43-21 Jul 44 | Connection fitting out USS ALGOL (AKA-54) (Navigator, Training Officer) |
| USS ALGOL (AKA-54) | 21 Jul 44-28 Sep 44 | Navigator; Training Officer, Chief Ship's Censor |

Medals and awards earned:

American Defense Service Medal
American Campaign Medal
Asiatic-Pacific Campaign Medal
World War II Victory Medal

No record of any civil or military offenses.

No record of attendance at U. S. Naval Academy.

Married to Louise Grubb Hubbard as of 2 June 1942. No record of date or place of marriage.

By direction of Chief of Naval Personnel:

Sincerely yours,

C. R. JOHNSON
Commander, U. S. Navy
Director
Officer Services and Records Division

Burrell

DEPARTMENT OF
HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
FOOD AND DRUG ADMINISTRATION
PHILADELPHIA 6, PA.

ROOM 1204
U. S. CUSTOMHOUSE

TELEPHONE: MARKET 7-6000
EXTENSIONS 556, 557, 558, 559

March 20, 1963

Mr. Walter McHale
Chief Administrator
Attorney Generals Office
Trenton, New Jersey

Dear Mr. McHale:

On October 11, 1950, the New Jersey Board of Medical Examiners reported to the New Jersey Attorney General's office that the Hubbard Dianetics Research Foundation of Elizabeth, N. J. was operating a medical school without a license and practicing medicine.

A check has been made at the Attorney General's Office in Newark, N. J. by the U. S. Food and Drug Administration for any records concerning this incident but we were informed that records prior to 1957 were kept in Trenton, N. J.

In line with your telephone conversation today with Inspector Grove, we are requesting that a check be made of available records in the Attorney General's Office for any action taken against the Hubbard Dianetics Research Foundation, Inc. of Elizabeth, N. J. or Mr. L. Ron Hubbard since 1950.

Very truly yours,

Francis J. Fiskett
FRANCIS J. FISKETT
Supervisory Inspector

FJF/fz
cc: BFA

CGC

Type final

Chief of Naval Personnel
Arlington Annex
Columbia Pike and Arlington Blvd.
Arlington, Virginia

Attention: Mr. Breedlove, Room 3056

IX210

Dear Sir:

In connection with our current investigation of a Mr. Lafayette Ronald Hubbard we desire verification of certain information concerning his enlistment in the U. S. Navy. It would be appreciated if you would supply or verify the following information: Mr. L. Ron Hubbard is said to have the U. S. Navy Serial No. 113392.

1. Length and dates of service in U. S. Navy, the Naval Reserve and the Marine Reserve. Mr. Hubbard is believed to have been both an enlisted man and served as a Lieutenant.
2. Honorable discharge.
3. Married or single ~~with name of spouse and date and place of marriage, if married~~. a. Name of Spouse b. Date & place of marriage
4. Medals and decorations obtained.
5. Positions handled during service.
6. Any evidence of civil action or court martial action during Naval career.

Information indicates that Mr. Hubbard ~~obtained~~ attended the Naval Academy and information concerning the dates of attendance would be desirable. If available through your office we would also desire a transcript of records from the Naval Academy.

A representative from ~~our~~/~~o~~ this Agency will contact you concerning obtaining ~~these~~ this information.

1-31-63

Sincerely yours,
Van W. Smart, Deputy Director

cc GC BFA Balt GDTilroe:ms

MMP

Information indicates that Mr. Hubbard attended the Naval Academy, and information concerning the dates of attendance would be desirable. If available through your office, we would also desire a transcript of records from the Naval Academy.

A representative from this Agency will contact you concerning obtaining this information.

Van Smart

COMMITTEE OF EXAMINATION, CERTIFICATION AND SERVICES
OF THE

*Hubbard Association of Scientologists, International*

616 NORTH THIRD STREET • PHOENIX, ARIZONA, U. S. A.

#213

December 17, 1954

Dear Mary,

Since taking over the job of Operation Phoenix, I have completely neglected many of my duties of the C.E.C.S.

We are going to feature in each of our coming publications one of your pictures and a short writeup on you. We want the field acquainted with our professional auditors. We're proud of you and the work you're doing.

What we need is two pictures of yourself. Go to your local photographer and get two pictures of passport size. These will be the only size and kind we accept. Sometime ago I sent out a data sheet similar to the one enclosed and have since then discovered them to be quite inadequate. So, please fill out the enclosed form and return with the passport pictures in a hurry. One picture will go on file here and one will be sent to the printers for the coming Auditor's Directory. This directory is going to be printed this January, so please rush these pictures to me.

I want to know a few things more. Are you having a problem getting preclears? How well are you received by society? What social functions do you attend?

We are enmass embarking upon establishing ourselves on the third dynamic. You are the Professionals; you are the ones the people look up to; so let's get this ball rolling.

Best,

Richard F. Steves
President of the C.E.C.S

RFSjb
Encl-1

(1) mb. 2/14/63.

COMMITTEE OF EXAMINATION, CERTIFICATION AND SERVICES

OF THE

# Standard Operations of Scientologists International

615 NORTH THIRD STREET • PHOENIX, ARIZONA, U. S. A.

MEMBER: PHOENIX CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

COMMITTEE OF EXAMINATION, CERTIFICATION AND SERVICES
OF THE
*Hubbard Association of Scientologists, International*
616 NORTH THIRD STREET • PHOENIX, ARIZONA, U. S. A.

PHOENIX DEC 19 '54 ARIZ.
U.S. POSTAGE 03
PB METER 318692

Mary M. Bushnell
112 Allendale
Pasadena, Texas

1014 Wafer

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
5010-104

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

# *Memorandum*

N-18

TO : Division of Medical Review
Bureau of Medicine

DATE: DEC 10 1963

FROM : General Counsel's Office

SUBJECT: United States v. Hubbard E-meter. S. No. 4-093 V.
F.D.C. No. 48405.

We have been advised in the past that the Bureau of Medicine has been in contact with proposed expert witnesses who will testify at the trial of this case and we have so informed the United States Attorney.

We have been requested, by the Assistant United States Attorney for the District of Columbia who is handling the case, to furnish the name and address of each witness for the government, and summary of their qualifications and testimony.

We therefore need to know:

(a) Has the Bureau of Medicine in fact contacted expert witnesses.

(b) If so, the name, address, and qualifications and summary of testimony.

(c) If Bureau of Medicine has been unable to obtain expert witnesses, we need to know why the persons obtained will not testify or are not suitable. This information is requested for transmission to the United States Attorney.

(d) If Bureau of Medicine has not contacted expert witnesses, when will the experts be obtained.

We must have this information by the close of business on Friday, December 13, 1963.

Hand carried to OGC 12/13/63 - 5:00 PM by Miss C. Sengard.

JBO

N-18

DEC 10 1963

Division of Medical Review
Bureau of Medicine

General Counsel's Office

United States v. Hubbard E-meter. S. No. 4-093 V.
F.D.C. No. 48405.

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(d) If Bureau of Medicine has not contacted expert witnesses, when will the experts be obtained.

We must have this information by the close of business on Friday, December 13, 1963.

WWC:ALG:JSISK:mm
12/10/63

N-2

DIVISION OF MEDICAL DEVICES
DEVICE BRANCH
ATTENTION: DR. JOSEPH DAVIS

Division of Case Supervision
Bureau of Regulatory Compliance

4-003 V
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

The Distribution Center
Founding Church of Scientology
Washington, D. C.

November 10, 1964

The legal steps in this case have reached a point at which we believe we are justified in filing a Motion for Summary Judgment for its disposition. In this regard, we will need affidavits from those individuals who have examined the devices, setting forth a description of the structure of the device, the function of the device as an electronic instrument, its function as a diagnostic and therapeutic device when used in attachment to the human body and also from a person qualified to set forth the facts a statement of the utility of such a galvanometer in diagnosis and therapeutics. We also will need affidavits from specialists in the various fields of medicine covering the various conditions claimed in the labeling of the article. As a minimum this should include a psychiatrist and/or psychoanalyst capable of discussing the utility of the practices involved in the treatment of mental illnesses; and in covering the broad range of other conditions, an internist, an orthopedist, a dermatologist, a podiatrician, and possibly others. We would suggest that the documents be prepared in rough draft form and submitted promptly to Division of Case Supervision for review with the General Counsel's office as to compliance of the language with legal requirements before the documents are prepared finally. These should be prepared specifically for the experts who are to sign them, setting forth their qualifications in the early content of the affidavit.

The voluminous labeling in this case is at present located in Mrs. Sick's office in the General Counsel and may be reviewed as to the location of the various expressed claims if such review is necessary. We believe you have in your office a copy of the charges involved.

After the language of the affidavits are prepared so as to be suitable legally, we believe that a conference should be had with each of the prospective witnesses to determine that they can conscientiously execute the affidavits and such appropriate changes to be made as required by the extent of their knowledge. When you have supplied us with the names

and addresses of the individuals who will be utilized in this regard, we will inform the Baltimore District so that they may execute the proper purchase order for the services and payment of these experts in this regard. The rate of payment at the present is $30.00 for each day involvement of the experts in preparation and execution of the affidavits.

We hope to be able to file the Motion for Summary Judgment with supporting affidavits within the next two weeks, so we would appreciate expeditious preparation of the rough draft affidavits with the target date of December 10.

W. H. Irvin

cc Balt

cc GC

cc SEC Reading File

WHIrvin:blw ~~[illegible]~~ 11/10/64

A. F. 41-126 FILE

p5

DIVISION OF MEDICIAL REVIEW
DEVICE BRANCH
ATTENTION: DR. JOSEPH DAVIS

November 10, 1964

Division of Case Supervision
Bureau of Regulatory Compliance

4-093 U
Hubbard E Meter
FDC 48405

The Distribution Center
Founding Church of Scientology
Washington, D. C.

The legal steps in this case have reached a point at which we believe we are justified in filing a Motion for Summary Judgment for its disposition. In this regard, we will need affidavits from those individuals who have examined the devices, setting forth a description of the structure of the device, the function of the device as an electronic instrument, its function as a diagnostic and therapeutic device when used in attachment to the human body and also from a person qualified to set forth the facts a statement of the utility of such a galvanometer in diagnosis and therapeutics. We also will need affidavits from specialists in the various fields of medicine covering the various conditions claimed in the labeling of the article. As a minimum this should include a psychiatrist and/or psychoanalyst capable of discussing the utility of the practices involved in the treatment of mental ailments; and in covering the broad range of other conditions, an internist, an orthopedist, a dermatologist, a pediatrician, and possibly others. We would suggest that the documents be prepared in rough draft form and submitted promptly to Division of Case Supervision for review with the General Counsel's office as to compliance of the language with legal requirements before the documents are prepared finally. These should be prepared specifically for the experts who are to sign them, setting forth their qualifications in the early content of the affidavit.

The voluminous labeling in this case is at present located in Mrs. Sisk's office in the General Counsel and may be reviewed as to the location of the various expressed claims if such review is necessary. We believe you have in your office a copy of the charges involved.

After the language of the affidavits are prepared so as to be suitable legally, we believe that a conference should be had with each of the prospective witnesses to determine that they can conscientiously execute the affidavits and such appropriate changes to be made as required by the extent of their knowledge. When you have supplied us with the names

and addresses of the individuals who will be utilized in this regard, we will inform the Baltimore District so that they may execute the proper purchase order for the services and payment of these experts in this regard. The rate of payment at the present is $30.00 for each day involvement of the expert in preparation and execution of the affidavit.

We hope to be able to file the Motion for Summary Judgment with supporting affidavits within the next two weeks, so we would appreciate expeditious preparation of the rough draft affidavits with the target date of November 18.

W. N. Swain

cc Balt

cc GC

cc BRC Reading File

WNSwain:blw ~~xxx~~ 11/10/64

P-13

4-093V - E-Meter Seizure Trial

September 21, 1970

Division of Case Guidance (BD-310)

Hubbard E-Meters

Founding Church of Scientology
Washington, D.C. (AF 41-126)

FILE

THE GENERAL COUNSEL

1. Here are the conditions under which FDA would agree to terminating this seizure action without a re-trial:

a) the withdrawal of the Claim and Answer and the filing of a default decree of condemnation; or

b) the filing of a Consent Decree of Condemnation providing for the destruction of the seized E-Meters and that part of the seized literature which refers to the E-Meters. We would not object to the return of the remaining literature to the claimant. The Consent Decree should enjoin the claimant and all his agents and affiliates from any future use of the E-Meter. There should be no language in the decree which would bind the government to any understanding that scientology is a religion or that the use of the E-Meter or any other similar device is under any circumstances exempt from the requirements of the FDC Act.

T.E. Byers

cc BD-310 Reading file (McGee)

BTLoftus:mg d/t 9-21-70
R/D signed T.E. Byers 9-21-70

cc